State of California - Health and Human Services Agency

California Department of Public Health Center for Infectious Diseases Division of Communicable Disease Control Surveillance and Statistics Section MS 7306, P.O. Box 997377 Sacramento, CA 95899-7377

CDC NORS-WATERBORNE DISEASE OUTBREAK REPORT FORM

Water Intended for Drinking (Drinking Water)

Local ID Number:							
Please use the same ID Number on preliminary and final reports to allow linkage to the same outbreak.							
Report Status (check one)							
□Preliminary	□Final						

This report form should only be used to report waterborne disease outbreaks associated with water that was intended for drinking. To report outbreaks associated with other types of water, please go to http://www.cdph.ca.gov/pubsforms/forms/Pages/CD-Report-Forms.aspx#outbreak and complete the outbreak form for one of the other types of water:

- Recreational Water Treated
- Recreational Water Untreated
- Water Not Intended for Drinking or Water of Unknown Intent

Please submit the completed report form to the Surveillance & Statistics Section by mail through your communicable disease reporting staff. Jurisdictions participating in CalREDIE should enter outbreak information directly into the CalREDIE forms.

If you have any questions, please contact IDB-SSS at IDB-SSS@cdph.ca.gov.

Note: This form includes only the pages from the complete NORS Waterborne Outbreak Report form that apply to outbreaks associated with water intended for drinking; therefore pages 5 to 8 and 13 to 14 were omitted.



National Outbreak Reporting System



Waterborne Disease Transmission

This form is used to report waterborne disease outbreak investigations. This form has 6 parts, indicated by tabs at the top of each page. Part 1 asks for the minimum or basic information about the outbreak investigation. Part 2 asks for epidemiological data and clinical specimen test results. Parts 3, 4, 5 and 6 collect information about types of water exposure (treated recreational water, untreated recreational water, drinking water, and water not intended for drinking/unknown intent). Only 1 of these 4 water exposure parts should be completed for an outbreak investigation report.

CDC USE ONLY

CDC Report ID

State Report ID

Form Approved OMB No. 0920-0004

CS115923

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Primary Mode of Transmission (check one)

Food (Complete CDC 52.13)

Water (Complete tabs for General, Water-General and type

of water exposure)

Animal contact (Complete CDC 52.13)

Person-to-person (Complete CDC 52.13)

Environmental contamination other than food/water

(Complete CDC 52.13)

Indeterminate/Other/Unknown (Complete CDC 52.13)

Investigation Methods (check all that apply)

Interviews only of ill persons

Case-control study

Cohort study

Food preparation review

Water system assessment: Drinking water

Water system assessment: Nonpotable water

Comments

Treated or untreated recreational water venue assessment Investigation at factory/production/treatment plant Investigation at original source (e.g., farm, water source, etc.) Food product or bottled water traceback Environment/food/water sample testing Other

Dates (mm/dd/yyyy)	
Date first case became ill (required)	Date last case became ill
Date of initial exposure	
Date of report to CDC (other than this form)	·
Date of notification to State/Territory or Local/Tribal Health Authorities	
Geographic Location	
Reporting state:	
Exposure occurred in multiple states	
Exposure occurred in a single state but cases resided in multiple state	S S
Other states:	
Reporting county:	
Exposure occurred in multiple counties in reporting state	
Exposure occurred in a single county but cases resided in multiple cou	unties in reporting state
Other counties:	
City/Town/Place of exposure:	
Do not include proprietary or private facility na	ames

Primary Cases						
Number of Primary Cases			Sex (estimate	ed percent o	f the primary	cases)
# Lab-confirmed cases			- Male			%
# Probable cases		Iviale			70	
# Estimated total primary cases			Female			%
	# Cases	Total # of cases for whom info is available	Approximate percent of primary cases in each age grou			each age group
# Died			<1 year	%	20–49 year	%
# Hospitalized			1–4 years	%	50–74 years	%
# Visited Emergency Room			5–9 years	%	≥ 75 years	%
# Visited health care provider (excluding ER visits)			10-19 years	%	Unknown	%

Incubation Period, Duration	on of Illness, Signs	or Sym	nptoms fo	or Primary C	ases only	1		
Incubation Period (select a	opropriate units)			Duration o	of Illness (among recovered cases-	-select ap	propriate units)
Shortest		Min, Ho	urs, Days	Shortest				n, Hours, Days
Median		Min, Ho	urs, Days	Median			Mi	n, Hours, Days
Longest		Min, Ho	urs, Days	Longest			Mi	n, Hours, Days
Total # of cases for whom info i	s available			Total # of cas	ses for whor	n info is available		
Unknown incubation period				Unknown o	duration of i	Iness		
Signs or Symptoms								
Feature		# Case	s with sign	s or symptoms		Total # cases for whom	info avail	able
Vomiting Diarrhea								
Bloody stools								
Fever								
Abdominal cramps								
HUS								
Asymptomatic								
Noymptomatio								
Secondary Cases								
Mode of Secondary Transmission	(check one)			Number of Se	econdary Cas	ses		
Food			# Lab-conf	irmed seco	ondary cases			
Water Animal contact			# Probable	secondary	cases			
Person-to-person					total second			
Environmental contamination		er						
Indeterminate/Other/Unkno				lotal # of c	ases (Prima	ary + Secondary)		
Environmental Health Spe	ecialists Network (if	applica	ble)					
EHS-Net Evaluation ID: 1.) _		_ 2.)				3.)		
Traceback (for food and bottle	ed water only, not public	water)						
Please check if traceback c	onducted							
Source name	Source type		Location	of source Comme		nts		
(If publicly available)	(e.g. poultry farm, tomato		State	Country				
	processing plant, bottled water factory)							
Recall								
	bottlad water product w	KO	llad					
Please check if any food or	bottled water product v	vas reca	illeu					
Type of item recalled:								
Comments:								
Reporting Agency								
Agency name:				E-mail:				
Contact name:				Contact title	e:			
Phone no.:				Fax no.: _				
Dawn auto Briefly describe impe	ortant aspects of the outh	reak not	covered ab	ove Please indi	cate if any a	dverse outcomes occurred	l in speci	al nonulations
Remarks (e.g., pregnant wome	n, immunocompromised	persons)	ove. Picase inui	oute ir arry at	avoise outcomes occurred	-III Specia	. рорананона

W	0								
	General								
Waterborne Disease and Type of Water Exposure (check		General							
Water intended for recreational purposes – treated venue (e.g., pool, spa/whirlpool/hot tub, spray pad)	Water intended recreational pur untreated venue freshwater lake, marine beach)	poses – e (e.g.,	(incl		d for drinki er used for ering)	ng	Water not intended for drinking or water of unknown intent (e.g., cooling/industrial, occupational, decorative/display)		
Geographic Location			Symp	toms			Route of En	try	
Percent of primary cases living in	reporting state :	%		ch catego	ory, indica	te # of			
Associated Events					symptoms/				
AA7			condition		, ,		Ingestion		
Was exposure associated with a sp Yes No Un	ecific event or gathe known	ring?	Respira condition	ntory symp ons	otoms/		Contact		
If Yes, what type of event or gather	ing was involved?		Skin sy	mptoms/c	onditions		Inhalation		
			Ear syn	nptoms/co	onditions		.		
			Eye syr	Other, specify: Eye symptoms/conditions				city:	
If outbreak occurred during a define			Neurold condition	Neurologic symptoms/ conditions Wound infections Other, specify (e.g.,					
(mm/dd/yyyy)	(mm/de	d/yyyy)		s A, leptos	-				
Epidemiologic Data									
Estimated total number of perso	ns with primary expo	sure:							
2. Were data collected from comparing the state of the st	• .		Yes (spec	ify in table	e below)	No		Unknown	
shared by persons who v		source	Yes			No		Unknown	
Exposure (Vehicle/Setting) (e.g., pool—waterpark; hot spring; well water)	Total # # III Exposed Exposed (A) (B)	Total # Not Exposed	# III Not Exposed	Attack Rate (%) (B/A)	Odds Ratio	Relative Risk	p-Value (provide exact value)	95% Confidence Interval	
				1		1			

_p.a.o							<u> </u>			
Estimated total number of persons with primary exposure:										
2. Were data collected from compa				Yes (spec	ify in table	e below)	No		Unknown	
If No or Unknown , was water the only common source shared by persons who were ill?				Yes			No		Unknown	
Exposure (Vehicle/Setting) (e.g., pool—waterpark; hot spring; well water)	Total # Exposed (A)	# III Exposed (B)	Total # Not Exposed	# III Not Exposed	Attack Rate (%) (B/A)	Odds Ratio	Relative Risk	p-Value (provide exact value)	95% Confidence Interval	
Attack rate for residents of repor	ting state:		%	Attack ra	ite for no	n-resident	s of report	ing state:	%	
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Water-General

Clinical Specimens - Laboratory Results (refer to the laboratory findings from the outbreak investigation)

1. Were clinical diagnostic specimens taken from persons? Yes No (go to next tab) Unknown (go to next tab) If Yes, from how many persons were specimens taken?								
Specimen Type*		Tested for § (lis	t all that apply)					
* Specimen Type: 1- Auto 8-Endotracheal Aspirate	ppsy Specimen (spe , 9-Saliva, 10-Serum	cify subtype), 2-Biopsy (s , 11-Skin Swab, 12-Sputum	pecify), 3-Blood, 4-Bronchial Alvon, 13-Stool, 14-Urine, 15-Vomitus,	eolar Lavage (BAL), 5-Ce 16-Wound Swab, 17-Unk	erebrospinal Fluid (CSF), 6-0 nown	Conjunctiva/Eye Swab, 7-I	Ear Swab,	
** Specimen Subtype: 1	-Bladder, 2-Brain, 3-	Dura, 4-Hair, 5-Intestine, 6	-Kidney, 7-Liver, 8-Lung, 9-Nails,	10-Skin, 11-Stomach, 12-	Wound, 13-Other, 14-Unknow	vn		
-	•	ns, 3-Fungi, 4-Parasites, 5-						
Report the conf	irmed and/or s	suspected etiologi	ical agent(s) in the table	e below				
Clinical Specimen Row Number	Genus/ Chemi	cal/ Toxin	Species	Serotype/ Serogr	oup/ Serovar	Genotype/ Subtype	1	
1								
2								
3								
4								
Clinical Specimen Row Number	Confirmed as Etiology ?	Concentration (numerical value)	Unit	Specimen Type *		Specimen Subtype **		
1	Yes							
2	Yes							
3	Yes							
4	Yes							
Clinical Specimen Row Number	Test Type §					Total # People Tested	Total # People Positive	
1								
2								
3								
4								
			pecify), 3-Blood, 4-Bronchial Alv , 13-Stool, 14-Urine, 15-Vomitus,			Conjunctiva/Eye Swab, 7-I	Ear Swab,	
** Specimen Subtype: 1-	Bladder, 2-Brain, 3-I	Dura, 4-Hair, 5-Intestine, 6-	-Kidney, 7-Liver, 8-Lung, 9-Nails, 1	0-Skin, 11-Stomach, 12-	Wound, 13-Other, 14-Unknow	/n		
§ Test Type: 1-Culture, 2-6-Chemical Testing, 7-Tis			CR, RT-PCR), 3-Microscopy (e.g.,	fluorescent, EM), 4-Sero	ological/Immunological Test (e.g., EIA, ELISA), 5-Phage	Typing,	
Isolates								
State Lab Isolate II)	Specimen Profil	e 1 (e.g., the PFGE, MLVA sequence)	, or genotype	Specimen Profile 2 (e.g., the PFGE, MLV/ method used)	A, or genotyping	

-					
Dri	nk	inc	1 1/1	n	Or
	ш			4	(-1

Drinking Water Vehicle Description Drinking Water Vehicle Description Water Type* **Public Water Water Source Water Source** Setting of **USUAL Water** Water Treatment (e.g., commercially-bot-**System EPA** (select ground Description **Exposure** Treatment Provided Subtype (disinfection or (e.g., airport, tled water, community water, surface (e.g., no treatment. ID Number** (e.g., spring; well; filtration: e.g., boiling; water system, individual water or mobile home disinfection, home chlorine; rapid sand water system) unknown) park) filtration) filter; reverse osmosis) *Water system definitions: Community and noncommunity water systems are public water systems that have > 15 service connections or serve an average of > 25 residents for > 60 days/year. A community water system serves an institution, industry, camp, park, hotel, or business and can be nontransient or transient. Nontransient systems serve \geq 25 of the same persons for > 6 months of the year but not year-round (e.g., factories and schools), whereas transient systems provide water to places in which persons do not remain for long periods (e.g., restaurants, highway rest stations, and parks). Individual water systems are small systems not owned or operated by a water utility that have < 15 connections or serve < 25 persons. ** Number used for EPA reporting that uniquely identifies the water system within a specific state. The water system ID number can be found at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/dwinfo/index.html by first selecting a state and then selecting a county. **Drinking Water Quality** Did the drinking water system have any monitoring violations in the 1 month prior to the outbreak? No Unknown Not applicable Yes If **Yes**, explain: ____ Did the drinking water system have any maximum contaminant level (MCL) violations in the 1 month prior to the outbreak? Unknown Not applicable No If **Yes**, explain: Did the drinking water system have any violations in the 12 months prior to the outbreak?*** Yes No Unknown Not applicable If Yes, explain:__ ***Sources of information about past violations can be obtained from utility records, consumer confidence reports (water quality reports), or violation records from state or local health departments **Laboratory Section - Drinking Water** Was drinking water tested? Yes (specify in table below) No Unknown Results Sample 2 4 5 Source of Sample **Additional Description** (e.g., kitchen faucet, well, reservoir) Date (mm/dd/yyyy) Number **Volume Tested** Unit Number **Temperature** Unit Residual/Free Disinfectant Level Number (if total and combined disinfectant levels given, total - combined = free) Unit pН **Turbidity (NTU)**

				Drinking Wa	ater		
Water (Quality Indicator						
Sample Number	Type (e.g., fecal coliforms,)	Concentration (numerical value)	Unit		
Microb	iology or Chemical/Toxi	n Analysis (refer to	the laboratory findings from th	e outbreak investigation))		
Sample Number	Genus/ Chemical/ Toxin	Species	Serotype/ Serogroup/ Serovar	Genotype/ Subtype	PFGE Pattern		
_	_	-					
Sample Number	Test Results Positive?	(numerical value)	Unit	Test Type*	Test Method (reference: National Environmental Methods Index: http://www.nemi.gov)		
	Yes						
	Yes						
	Yes						
	1-Culture, 2-DNA or RNA Amplification/I Testing, 7-Tissue Culture Infectivity Assa		3-Microscopy (e.g., fluorescent, EM), 4-S	erological/Immunological Test (e.	g., EIA, ELISA), 5-Phage	Typing,	
Factors	s Contributing to Drinkir	ng Water Contami	nation and/or Increased	Exposure to Contan	ninated Drinkii	ng Water	
Did a ni	coblom with the source was	tor (i.e., around wat	er or surface water) contrib	uto to the disease or a	outhroak?		
Diu a pi	oblem with the source wa	iei (i.e., giouria wai	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		No Unkno	14/10	
			res (sp	ecify in table below)	NO UTIKNO	WII	
Source W	later Factors (check all that app	ly)**			Documented/ Observed***	Suspected***	
	sewer overflow (SSO) ****						
	d sewer overflow (CSO) ****						
	oning on-site wastewater treatme reatment plant malfunction ***	ent system ^^^ ≠					
	e break ***						
	g/design of on-site wastewater tro	eatment system **** ≠					
	iosolid/land application site (e.g.,						
	ation from agricultural chemical						
	ation from chemical pollution not						
	ation by a chemical that the curr						
	animal contamination (e.g., lives	stock, concentrated feed	ng operations, pets)				
	ontamination - Birds						
	ontamination - Mammals						

Low water table (e.g., drought, over-pumping)

Mixing of raw water from different sources

Improper construction or location of a well or spring

Intentional contamination (explain in remarks)

Use of an alternate source of water by a water utility

Ground water under direct influence of surface water (e.g., shallow well)≠ ≠

Water system intake failure (e.g., cracked well casing, cracked intake pipe)

Contamination through limestone or fissured rock (e.g., karst)

Flooding/heavy rains Algal bloom

Other, specify:

Unknown

Contaminated recharge water

Seasonal variation in water quality (e.g., lake/reservoir turnover events, resort community with seasonal loading)

^{**} Only check off what was found during investigation.

^{*** &}quot;Documented/Observed" refers to information gathered through document reviews, direct observations, and/or interviews. "Suspected" refers to factors that probably occurred but for which no documentation (as defined previously) is available.

^{****}The release of sewage does not have to occur on the property in which persons have become ill. The sewage release may have occurred at a distant site but still affected the property in question.

^{≠ &}quot;On-site wastewater treatment system" refers to a system designed to treat and dispose of wastewater at the point of generation, generally on the property where the wastewater is generated (e.g., septic systems or other advanced on-site systems). However, contamination that originates from these systems can still occur off the property where treatment and disposal takes place due to migration of contaminants from malfunctioning systems or poor siting and design.

^{##} Any water beneath the surface of the ground with substantial occurrence of insects or other macroorganisms, algae, or large-diameter pathogens (e.g., Giardia intestinalis or Cryptosporidium), or substantial and relatively rapid shifts in water characteristics (e.g., turbidity, temperature, conductivity, or pH) that closely correlate with climatologic or surface water conditions. Direct influence must be determined for individual sources in accordance with criteria established by the state.

Factors Contributing to Drinking Water Contamination and/or Increased Exposure to Contaminated Drinking Water

D: ~ ~	الجانبين مميم المامييمي		ater treatment			h	بم منالم انتيما ،		+la a al: a a a a a	0.4 0.446.4001.0
เมดล	Droblem will	n ine w	aler freatment	prior to ent	rv mna a	nouse or	: Dilliaina	contribute to	ine disease	or outbreak (
Dia a	PIODICITI WILL	1 1110 44	ator troatriont	prior to orit	y mito a	110000	Dananig	COLLINGATO TO	ti io dioodoo	or oatbroart.

Yes (specify in table below)

No

Unknown

Treatment Factors (check all that apply)*	Documented/ Observed**	Suspected**
Change in treatment process (explain in remarks)		
No disinfection		
Temporary interruption of disinfection		
Chronically inadequate disinfection		
No filtration		
Inadequate filtration		
Deficiencies in other treatment processes		
Corrosion in or leaching from pipes or storage tanks		
Pipe/component failure or break (e.g., pipes, tanks, valves)		
Contamination during construction or repair of pipes/components		
Construction or repair of pipes/components without evidence of contamination		
Operator error		
Other, specify:		
Unknown		

Did a problem with the distribution system contribute to the disease or outbreak?

Yes (specify in table below)

Unknown

No

(NOTE: For a community water system, the distribution system refers to the pipes and storage infrastructure under the jurisdiction of the water utility prior to the water meter (or property line if the system is not metered). For noncommunity and nonpublic water systems, the distribution system refers to the pipes and storage infrastructure prior to entry into a building or house)

Distribution and Storage Factors (check all that apply)*	Documented/ Observed**	Suspected**
Cross-connection of potable and nonpotable water pipes resulting in backflow		
Low pressure or change in water pressure in the distribution system		
Change in water flow direction in the distribution system		
Mixing of treated water from different sources		
Pipe/component failure or break (e.g., pipes, tanks, valves)		
Corrosion in or leaching from pipes or storage tanks		
Contamination of mains during construction or repair		
Construction or repair of mains without evidence of contamination		
Scheduled flushing of the distribution system		
Contamination of storage facility		
Aging water distribution components (e.g., pipes, tanks, valves)		
Water temperature ≥30°C (≥86°F)		
Intentional contamination (explain in remarks)		
Other, specify:		
Unknown		

Did a problem occur after the water meter or outside the jurisdiction of a water utility that contributed to the disease or outbreak? (e.g., in a service line leading to a house/building, in the plumbing inside a house/building, during shipping/hauling, during storage other than in the distribution system, at the point of use, involving commercially-bottled water)

Yes (specify in table below)

Unknown

Factors Not Under the Jurisdiction of a Water Utility or Factors at the Point of Use (check all that apply)*	Documented/ Observed**	Suspected**
Legionella species in water system		
Cross-connection of potable and nonpotable water pipes resulting in backflow		
Lack of backflow prevention in plumbing		
Low pressure or change in water pressure in the plumbing		
Change in water flow direction in the plumbing		
Corrosion in or leaching from pipes or storage tanks		
Pipe/component failure or break (e.g., pipes, tanks, valves)		
Aging plumbing components (e.g., pipes, tanks, valves)		
Contamination of plumbing during construction or repair		
Construction or repair of plumbing without evidence of contamination		
Deficiency in building/home-specific water treatment after the water meter or property line		
Deficiency or contamination of equipment/devices using or distributing water		
Contamination during commercial bottling		
Contamination during shipping, hauling, or storage		
Contamination at point of use – Tap		
Contamination at point of use – Hose		
Contamination at point of use – Commercially-bottled water		
Contamination at point of use – Container, bottle, or pitcher		
Contamination at point of use – Unknown		
Water temperature ≥30°C (≥86°F)		
Intentional contamination (explain in remarks)		
Other, specify:		
Unknown		

^{*} Only check off what was found during investigation.

^{** &}quot;Documented/Observed" refers to information gathered through document reviews, direct observations, and/or interviews. "Suspected" refers to factors that probably occurred but for which no documentation (as defined previously) is available.

	Drinking Water
Remarks	