

State of California—Health and Human Services Agency California Department of Public Health



July 28, 2022

To: CA Refugee Health Assessment Programs (and Resettlement Agency Partners)

Outline of Medical Care Coverage for New Categories of ORR-Eligible Ukrainian Populations and Other Non-Ukrainian Individuals Displaced from Ukraine

US Department of Homeland Security launched <u>Uniting for Ukraine</u>, a program that provides a pathway for Ukrainian citizens and non-Ukrainians who last habitually resided in the Ukraine to come to the United States and stay temporarily for a two-year period of humanitarian parole. Through this program, approximately 100,000 Ukrainian parolees will arrive to the U.S. over the next few months. Ukrainians wishing to apply for parolee status must have a sponsor in the US that will be able to financially support them for the duration of their stay.

Prior to arrival into US, Ukrainian parolees must <u>sign an attestation</u> that they have received at least 1 dose of the COVID-19 vaccine, 1 dose of polio vaccine, and 1 dose of measles vaccine. **Within 90 days** of arrival to US, parolees must submit another attestation that they have undergone TB screening starting with an interferon-gamma release assay (IGRA) blood test.

Medi-Cal and Refugee Medical Screening Eligibilty

Ukrainian Humanitarian Parolees as well non-Ukrainians who last habitually resided in Ukraine are eligible for Medi-Cal and other social benefits, and refugee medical screening services offered through the Refugee Medical Assistance (RMA) program.

The table below provides eligibility information and documentation required for enrollment. The CA Office of Refugee Health (ORH) funds 11 Refugee Health Assessment Programs (RHAPs) throughout CA, which can provide medical screening for Office of Refugee Resettlement (ORR) eligible Ukrainian populations. A list of programs and contacts can be found on the ORH RHAP clinics page.

Guidance for Medi-Cal enrollment is available on the <u>ORH website</u>. For new Ukrainians arrivals who have not enrolled in Medi-Cal, refer them to their local County Social/Human Services Agency with a copy of this letter.

Acceptable Documents and Medical Program Eligibility for New Arrival Populations in California

Applicant Immigration Status	Documentation required for ORR RMA Eligibility	Medi-Cal Eligibility	Federal Refugee Medical Screening
Ukrainian citizen or national who received humanitarian parole (known as a Ukrainian Humanitarian Parolee, or UHP	Form I-94 noting humanitarian parole (per INA section 212(d)(5) or 8 U.S.C. § 1182(d)(5)) OR Foreign passport with DHS/CBP admission stamp noting "DT" OR Foreign passport with DHS/CBP admission stamp noting Uniting for Ukraine or "U4U" OR Foreign passport with DHS/CBP admission stamp noting Uniting for Ukraine or "U4U" OR Foreign passport with DHS/CBP admission stamp noting Ukrainian Humanitarian Parolee or "UHP" OR Form I-765 Employment Authorization Document (EAD) receipt notice with code C11 OR Form I-766 Employment Authorization Document (EAD) with the code C1	Federal full scope Medi-Cal eligible OR Refugee Medical Assistance if not otherwise eligible for Medi-Cal	Domestic medical screening exam eligible
A non-Ukrainian individual who lasts habitually resided in Ukraine and received humanitarian parole	Any one of the forms or stamps listed above for UHPs AND Documentation of last habitual residence in Ukraine. Acceptable documentation indicating last habitual residency in Ukraine includes an original Ukrainian governmentissued document, such as a current driver's license or identification card.	Federal full scope Medi-Cal eligible OR Refugee Medical Assistance if not otherwise eligible for Medi-Cal	Domestic medical screening exam eligible

A spouse or child of an individual described in the above two categories who is paroled into the United States after September 30, 2023.	Visa Stamps, as above, indicating Humanitarian Parole	Federal full scope Medi-Cal eligible OR Refugee Medical Assistance if not otherwise eligible for Medi-Cal	Domestic medical screening exam eligible
A parent, legal guardian, or primary caregiver of an unaccompanied refugee minor or an unaccompanied child described in the above two categories who is paroled into the United States after September 30, 2023.	Visa Stamps, as above, indicating Humanitarian Parole	Federal full scope Medi-Cal eligible OR Refugee Medical Assistance if not otherwise eligible for Medi-Cal	Domestic medical screening exam eligible
Ukrainians with Temporary Protected Status (TPS)	NOT ORR RMA eligible	Income qualified pregnant women: Full Scope Medi-Cal eligible Income qualified age 0-26: Full Scope Medi-Cal eligible Income qualified age 26-50: May be eligible for Full Scope Medi-Cal if determined to be lawfully present immigrant Permanently Residing in the United States Under Color of Law (PRUCOL) Income qualified age 50+: Full Scope Medi-Cal eligible	NOT eligible for the domestic medical screening exam

Table developed from the Administration for Children and Families, Office of Refugee Resettlement, Policy Letter 22-13 issued May 26, 2022: <u>PL 22-13: Ukrainian Humanitarian Parolees Eligible for ORR Benefits and Services.</u>

For Ukrainians who are 'walk-in' patients and without medical insurance, RHAP Clinic staff should refer individuals to their local County Social/Human Services Agency to apply in-person for Medi-Cal and/or other benefits. Benefits are specific to the county of residence. It may take up to 45 days to determine Medi-Cal eligibility. Ukrainians with high medical needs may request a case expedite.

In addition, please print and instruct Ukrainians to bring a copy of the CA Health and Human Services Agency Department of Health Care Services Medi-Cal Eligibility Division (MEDL) Information Letter "Medi-Cal Eligibility for New Ukraine Arrivals "No: 122-16 (ca.gov).

This MEDL provides clarification regarding the documents typically provided to Ukrainians arriving in California, and the related Medi-Cal and Refugee Medical Assistance (RMA) eligibility for this population. It also includes guidance application of Medi-Cal for Ukrainians who are not humanitarian parolee status but were granted Temporary Protected Status (TPS).