California Influenza and Other Respiratory Disease Surveillance for Week 5
(January 29-February 4, 2012)

Note: This report includes data from many different sources of influenza surveillance, including syndromic surveillance, laboratory surveillance, and mandatory reporting of influenza deaths for cases ages 0-64 years. The information contained in this report should be viewed as a “snapshot” of influenza activity for each surveillance week, and should not be considered as population-based data or representative of all California public health jurisdictions.

In Week 5, the geographic distribution of influenza in California was upgraded to “widespread.”

Influenza Report Highlights

- Outpatient influenza-like illness (ILI) remained low in Week 5 (2.5%).
- Of 1889 specimens tested during Week 5,
  - 270 (14.3%) were positive for influenza; of these
    - 26 (9.6%) were influenza B and
    - 244 (90.4%) were influenza A.
  - 38 (15.6%) were subtyped as seasonal A (H3),
  - 17 (7.0%) were subtyped as 2009 A (H1), and
  - 189 (77.5%) were not subtyped.
- No resistance to neuraminidase inhibitors has been identified in 28 influenza isolates tested during the 2011-2012 influenza season.
- Twenty-seven specimens from California residents have been strain-typed this season; all but four influenza B strains match the 2011-12 influenza vaccine.
- Two laboratory-confirmed influenza-associated deaths among persons less than 65 years were reported in week 5.
- No suspected or confirmed influenza A (H3N2)v [variant influenza A (H3N2), formerly called swine-origin triple reassortant A (H3N2)] have been detected in California.

*For the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) definitions of influenza geographic distribution, please go to the [CDC Influenza page](http://www.cdc.gov/flu/weekly/overview.htm).

A. Syndromic Surveillance Update

1. CDC Influenza Sentinel Providers

A total of 84 (42.4%) out of 198 enrolled sentinel providers have reported data for Week 5. Based on available data, the percentage of ILI visits for Week 5 (2.5%) remained below baseline (Figure 1).
2. Kaiser Permanente Hospitalization Data ("Flu Admissions")

The percentage of Kaiser Permanente hospitalizations for pneumonia and influenza in Northern California increased in Week 5 (7.2%) compared to Week 4 (6.0%).

B. Laboratory Update

1. Respiratory Laboratory Network (RLN) and Sentinel Laboratory Surveillance Results

The percentage of influenza detections in the RLN and sentinel laboratories continued an upward trend, with an increase of 3.0% in Week 5 (14.3%) compared to Week 4 (11.3%), (Figure 2). Of 1889 specimens tested by the RLN and sentinel laboratories, 26 (1.4%) were positive for influenza B and 244 (12.9%) were positive for influenza A. Of the 244 specimens that tested positive for influenza A, 38 (15.6%) were subtyped as seasonal A (H3), 17 (7.0%) were subtyped as 2009 A (H1), and 189 (77.5%) were not subtyped. The influenza-positive specimens were reported statewide.

To date for the 2011-2012 season, of 20,290 specimens tested, 935 (4.6%) were positive for influenza; of these, 119 (12.7%) were influenza B and 816 (87.3%) were influenza A. Of the 816 specimens that tested positive for influenza A, 183 (22.4%) were subtyped as seasonal A (H3), 70 (8.6%) were subtyped as 2009 A (H1), and 563 (69.0%) had no further subtyping performed.

Neither the RLN nor California Department of Public Health Viral and Rickettsial Disease Laboratory (CDPH- VRDL) have identified any influenza viruses by polymerase chain reaction (PCR) typing or subtyping that are suggestive of the influenza A (H3N2)v infection.
The proportion of respiratory syncytial virus (RSV) detections continued to increase in Week 5 (20.6%, compared to 18.1% in Week 4). The proportion of human metapneumovirus (hMPV) detections decreased in Week 5 (6.2%) compared to Week 4 (7.7%), (Figure 3).
2. Antiviral Resistance Testing (AVR)

CDPH-VRDL has tested 28 influenza specimens to date during the 2011-2012 influenza season; all have been sensitive to neuraminidase inhibitors (Table 1).

Table 1. Number of specimens tested for antiviral resistance

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Influenza Strain</th>
<th>Neuraminidase Inhibitors Resistance</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Influenza A (2009 H1N1)</td>
<td>0/9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Influenza A (H3N2)</td>
<td>0/19</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

3. Influenza Virus Strain Characterization

Twenty-seven California specimens have been strain-typed to date during the 2011-2012 influenza season; all but four matched with components of the 2011-2012 vaccine for the Northern Hemisphere (Table 2).
### Table 2. Influenza virus antigenic characterization for the 2011-12 season

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Influenza Strain</th>
<th>Total (N=27)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Influenza A</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A/Perth/16/2009-like (H3N2)*</td>
<td>17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A/California/07/2009-like (H1N1)*</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Influenza B</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B/Brisbane/60/2008-like*</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B/Wisconsin/01/2010-like</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Matches components of the 2011-12 Northern Hemisphere influenza vaccine

### C. Laboratory-confirmed Fatal Case Reports

CDPH received two reports of influenza-associated deaths in adults; one each in the 30-49 and 50-64 year age groups. To date during the 2011-2012 influenza season, CDPH has received five reports of influenza- associated deaths, including one child in the 10-14 year age group, three adults in the 30-49 year age group and one in the 50-64 year age group.

### D. Influenza-associated Outbreaks

CDPH received two reports of laboratory-confirmed influenza outbreaks in the southern California region. One was at a skilled nursing facility and it was associated with influenza A and the other was at a state prison and was associated with A (2009 H1N1).

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For questions regarding influenza surveillance and reporting in California, please email InfluenzaSurveillance@cdph.ca.gov. This account is monitored daily by several epidemiologists.

For more information regarding the different influenza surveillance data sources, please visit the CDPH Influenza Surveillance Program at https://www.cdph.ca.gov/Programs/CID/DCDC/Pages/Immunization/Flu-Reports.aspx

To obtain additional information regarding influenza, please visit the CDPH influenza website at https://www.cdph.ca.gov/Programs/CID/DCDC/Pages/Immunization/Influenza.aspx.

A copy of the case report form for reporting any laboratory-confirmed influenza case that was either admitted to the ICU or died can be downloaded from the Severe Influenza Case History Form Link at https://www.cdph.ca.gov/CDPH%20Document%20Library/ControlledForms/cdph9070.pdf.