Glenn County
Maternal Child and Adolescent Health Community Profile 2017-18

Demographics

Our Community

Total Population \(^1\) .......................................................... 28,868
Total Population, African American .................................................. 220
Total Population, American Indian/Alaskan Natives ......................... 536
Total Population, Asian/Pacific Islander ........................................... 769
Total Population, Hispanic ................................................................. 11,371
Total Population, White ................................................................. 15,971
Total Live Births \(^2\) .................................................................. 399

Our Mothers and Babies

% of women delivering a baby who received prenatal care beginning in the first trimester of their pregnancy \(^2\) ................. 67.7%
% of births covered by Medi-Cal \(^2\) .................................................... 69.0%
% of women ages 18-64 without health insurance \(^3\) ......................... 25.7%
% of women giving birth to a second child within 24 months of a previous pregnancy \(^*\) ................................................. 40.9%
% live births less than 37 weeks gestation \(^2\) ................................. 8.4%
Gestational diabetes per 1,000 females age 15-44 .............................. 10.5%
% of female population 18-64 living in poverty (0-200% FPL) \(^3\) ........ 47.6%
Substance use diagnosis per 1,000 hospitalizations of pregnant women\(^*\) ................................................................. 17.5
Unemployment Rate \(^4\) ................................................................. 14.0

Our Children and Teens

Teen Birth Rate per 1,000 births (ages 15-19) \(^2\) .............................. 22.2
Motor vehicle injury hospitalizations per 100,000 children age 0-146 .......................... 5.2
% of children, ages 0-18 years living in poverty (0-200% FPL) \(^3\) ...................... 6.4
Mental health hospitalizations per 100,000 age 15-24\(^*\) .......................... 9.1
Children in Foster Care per 1,000 children \(^5\) ........................................ 9.1
Substance abuse hospitalization per 100,000 aged 15-24\(^*\) ...................... 693.8

Data sources: \(^1\) CA Dept. of Finance population estimates for Year 2015, January 2013; \(^2\) CA Birth Statistical Master Files 2011-2013 Annual Average, 3 year average; \(^3\) California Health Interview Survey, 2014; \(^4\) State of California, Employment Development Department, February 2017; \(^5\) Data from CA Child Welfare Indicators Project, UC Berkeley Point in Time Jul 2015; \(^6\) California Department of Public Health, Safe and Active Communities Branch; \(^*\) Data carried over from the Community Profile 2015-2016.

About Our Community – Health Starts Where We Live, Learn, Work, and Play

1. Glenn County is a rural county, largely agriculture totaling 1,327.16 square miles.

2. Farming, manufacturing, County of Glenn, health care clinics, 1 small hospital, a few retail stores and fast food restaurants in the two largest cities are the major industries/employers.

3. Within the city limits of the two largest cities of the county walking is possible but shopping is sparse and very limited. There are sufficient parks, a couple of lakes/reservoirs for recreational swimming. There is a lot of open space in Glenn County with the majority of the land used for agriculture therefore there are a lot of country roads.
Health System – Health and Human Services for the MCAH Population

1. CHDP providers remain active within Glenn County providing services for the CHDP/MCAH population.

2. Access to prenatal care has improved with the opening of a new Women’s Health Center, the hiring of additional prenatal care providers, and schedule changes increasing access to prenatal care during the first trimester. Limited access to transportation fosters the challenge of obtaining prompt health care services for many Glenn County MCAH residents.

3. Children with Special Health Care Needs continue to receive services through CCS, Head Start and MCAH for some referrals.

Health Status and Disparities for the MCAH Population

The rural locality of Glenn County, the limited access to transportation, limited access to and limited number of health care providers, high poverty levels and high number of Non-English speaking undocumented residents all lead to health disparities for both members of the Caucasian and Hispanic populations within our community.

The Native American residents of the rural-Grindstone Rancheria face lack of access to transportation, lack of access to health care on the reservation, high poverty levels, high levels of illicit drug use and their cultural beliefs that lead to health disparities amongst this population.

The Native American residents of Grindstone Rancheria however do have access to health care through Northern Valley Indian Health in a neighboring city approximately 35-40 minutes away.

Increased numbers of residents now qualify for health care therefore more community members have access to health care coverage.

An increase of access to prenatal health care was seen with the opening of the new Women’s Health Center in Butte County.