Nonfatal Construction Falls Program

Completed Occupational Health Branch Activity, 2001-2005

Background and Purpose

Each year, one-third of U.S. construction worker fatalities are the result of a fall. In California, more than 1800 construction workers are injured from falls each year. The **Occupational Health Surveillance and Evaluation Program (OHSEP)** tracked nonfatal construction-related falls using Doctor's First Reports of Occupational Illness or Injury (DFRs) from 2001-2003. All doctors in CA are required to fill out a DFR if the patient was treated for a work-related illness or injury.

OHSEP tracked falls to identify construction trades and tasks that have a high risk of a ladder-fall incident, analyze workplace practices related to ladder-fall incidents, and develop strategies to prevent falls.

Activities

To accomplish this, we:

- Collected construction-related cases for falls from heights for 2001-2003;
- Interviewed workers with ladder fall cases to learn about work task, equipment, use of fall protection systems and opportunities for fall prevention; and
- Will conduct construction worksite visits to refine prevention strategies.

Partners

- National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH)
- Public Health Institute

Frequently Asked Questions

- 1. Which construction trades have the highest number of ladder falls?
- 2. What is the most common piece of equipment workers fall from in California?
- 3. What are common risks for falls from ladders?
- 4. What are ways to reduce falls from extension ladders?

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1. Which construction trades have the highest number of ladder falls?

The largest number of ladder falls occurred among carpenters (23%), construction laborers (13%), painters (12%), electricians (10%), and plumbers (9%).

2. What is the most common piece of equipment workers fall from in California? The stepladder.

3. What are common risks for falls from ladders?

- Failure to set-up the ladder properly: using an unopened stepladder, or placing ladders on uneven ground;
- Working from ladders instead of using them just for access: if a person does not maintain three points of contact with the ladder, it is easy for him or her to lose his/her balance and fall.

4. What are ways to reduce falls from extension ladders?

- Tie off the top of the ladder.
- Secure the bottom of the ladder to prevent the bottom from sliding out.
- Set-up ladders at a safe angle (75°).
- The top of the ladder must extend 3' beyond the top edge or resting point.

Related Resources (current at the time project was completed)

- Cal/OSHA Fall Protection Standard [www.dir.ca.gov/title8/sb4a24.html]
- Falls from Elevation NIOSH safety and health topic [www.cdc.gov/niosh/topics/falls/]
- Fall Protection Federal OSHA web resource [www.osha.gov/SLTC/fallprotection/]

Related OHB Publications

Fall Prevention Guidelines – available in English and Spanish

These publications and more information about the work of Occupational Health Branch (OHB) are available on the OHB website [www.cdph.ca.gov/ohb].