

**MATERNAL, CHILD & ADOLESCENT HEALTH (MCAH)
ALLOCATION METHODOLOGIES, FY 2016-17**

MCAH ALLOCATION INCREASE METHODOLOGY

For FY 2016-17, there was an increase of \$3,000,000 to the statewide MCAH Title V Local Assistance allocation.

Health status indicators for FY 16-17 include:

- Total number of births
- Total number of Medi-Cal births
- Total number of teen births
- Total number women of childbearing age living in poverty
- Total number of low birthweight births
- Prenatal care for all births by trimester, with a progressive weighting factor given to each trimester where care began; with the greatest weight given to births wherein there was no prenatal care

These health status indicators came from the CDPH Birth Statistical Data Tables, the U.S. Census Bureau Small Area Income and Poverty Estimates, the U.S. Census Bureau Easy Stats (using financial, education, and housing statistics), and the U.S. Census Bureau American Fact Finder.

A risk factor was created by dividing each health status indicator by the aggregate total for the participating local health jurisdictions. That number was then multiplied by \$3 million to create a percentage of funding for each health agency allocation, with a minimum increase per agency of \$2,000 and a maximum of \$400,000. The result was added to each agency's FY 15-16 allocation to arrive at the FY 16-17 allocation.