



# *Senior Farmers' Market Nutrition Program*

## **1. What is the Senior Farmers' Market Nutrition Program (SFMNP)?**

The Senior Farmers' Market Nutrition Program (SFMNP) awards grants to States, United States territories, and federally-recognized Indian tribal governments to provide low-income seniors with coupons that can be exchanged for eligible foods at farmers' markets, roadside stands, and community supported agriculture programs. The majority of grant funds must be used for foods that are provided under the SFMNP; State agencies may use up to 10 percent of their grants for program administrative costs.

## **2. What is the purpose of the SFMNP?**

The purposes of the Senior Farmers' Market Nutrition Program are to:

1. Provide fresh, nutritious, unprepared, locally grown fruits, vegetables, herbs, and honey from farmers' markets, roadside stands and community supported agriculture programs to low-income seniors; and
2. Increase the consumption of agricultural commodities by expanding, developing, or aiding in the development and expansion of domestic farmers' markets, roadside stands, and community supported agriculture programs.

## **3. Who is eligible for SFMNP benefits?**

Low-income seniors, generally defined as individuals who are at least 60 years old and who have household incomes of not more than 185% of the federal poverty income guidelines (published each year by the Department of Health and Human Services) are the targeted recipients of SFMNP benefits. Some State



agencies accept proof of participation or enrollment in another means-tested program, such as the Commodity Supplemental Food Program (CSFP) or SNAP, for SFMNP eligibility.

## **4. When does the SFMNP operate?**

SFMNP benefits are provided to eligible recipients to use during the harvest season. In some States, the SFMNP season is relatively short, because the growing season in that area is not very long. In other States with longer growing seasons, recipients have a longer period of time in which to use their SFMNP benefits.

## **5. Where does the SFMNP operate?**

For Fiscal Year (FY) 2010, 51 State agencies and federally recognized Indian tribal governments received grants to operate the SFMNP: Alabama, Alaska, Arizona, Arkansas, California, the Chickasaw Nation in Oklahoma, Connecticut, the District of Columbia, Five Sandoval Pueblos (New Mexico), Florida, Georgia, the Grand Traverse Band /Ottawa and Chippewa Indians in Michigan, Hawaii, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Louisiana,

Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, the Mississippi Band of Choctaw Indians, Montana, Nebraska, Nevada, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New Mexico, New York, North Carolina, Ohio, Oklahoma, Oregon, the Osage Nation in Oklahoma, Pennsylvania, Puerto Rico, Rhode Island, San Felipe Pueblo (New Mexico), South Carolina, Standing Rock Sioux (ND), Tennessee, Texas, Vermont, Virginia, Washington, West Virginia, and Wisconsin.

### 6. How does the SFMNP operate?

SFMNP benefits issued to eligible seniors can be used at authorized farmers' markets, roadside stands, and community supported agriculture programs. In 2009, the latest year for which data are available, 18,714 farmers at 3,684 farmers' markets as well 3,061 roadside stands and 159 community supported agriculture programs participated in the program.

### 7. What foods are available through the SFMNP?

Fresh, nutritious, unprepared fruits, vegetables, herbs, and honey may be purchased with SFMNP benefits. State agencies may limit SFMNP sales to specific foods that are locally grown in order to encourage SFMNP recipients to support the farmers in their own States. Certain foods are not eligible for purchase with SFMNP benefits; these include dried fruits or vegetables, such as prunes (dried plums), raisins (dried grapes), sun-dried tomatoes or dried chili peppers. Potted fruit or vegetable plants, potted or dried herbs, wild rice, nuts of any kind (even raw), maple syrup, cider, and molasses are also not allowed.

### 8. Who has the administrative responsibility for the SFMNP?

USDA's Food and Nutrition Service administers the SFMNP grants.

### 9. What is the current funding level?

The 2008 Farm Bill provided \$20.6 million annually to operate the Program through 2012.

### 10. How many recipients are served in the SFMNP?

In FY 2009, 809,711 people received SFMNP coupons.

### 11. How can I obtain further information?

For further information, please visit our website at: [www.fns.usda.gov/wic](http://www.fns.usda.gov/wic)

