

Table 30. Rates of permanent central line-associated bloodstream infection in patient care locations providing bone marrow transplant care, reported by California hospitals, January - December 2012 (inclusive)

Reporting hospital*	Cases	Central line-days	Rate	95% Confidence Interval	Statistical interpretation**
STATE OF CALIFORNIA POOLED DATA	39	23100	1.69		
CITY OF HOPE HELFORD CLINICAL RESEARCH HOSP, DUARTE	18	9490	1.90	(1.12,3.00)	+
RONALD REAGAN UCLA MED CTR, LOS ANGELES	2	1888	1.06	(0.13,3.83)	+
SCRIPPS GREEN HOSP, LA JOLLA	0	70	0.00	(0.00,42.80)	+
STANFORD HOSP, STANFORD	2	3094	0.65	(0.08,2.34)	+
† SUTTER HEALTH SACRAMENTO SIERRA REGION	2	2958	0.68	(0.08,2.44)	+
SUTTER GENERAL HOSP, SACRAMENTO					
SUTTER MEMORIAL HOSP, SACRAMENTO					
UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA DAVIS MED CTR, SACRAMENTO	11	4475	2.46	(1.23,4.40)	+
† UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA, SAN DIEGO	4	1125	3.56	(0.97,9.10)	+
UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA, SAN DIEGO MED CTR					
UCSD-LA JOLLA, JOHN M.& SALLY B. THORNTON HOSP					

* Hospitals with only one acute care campus associated with their license were listed by the campus name; hospitals with more than one campus associated with their license were listed by licensee names with acute care campus name(s) indented below

**Statistical interpretation indicates hospital-specific rates that were statistically higher (●), lower (○), or no different (⊙) than California average rates, or rates that were not tested due to too few central line-days or too few hospitals reported (+)

† Hospital reported infection data aggregated over all acute care campuses

‡ Hospital reported infection data separately by acute care campus

Notes: Rate per 1000 central line days; 95% confidence interval calculated for rates based on exact Poisson distribution; bone marrow transplant special care locations specialize in patients who undergo bone marrow (stem cell) transplant for the treatment of various disorders

Source: Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections and Central Line Insertion Practices in California Hospitals, January through December 2012. California Department of Public Health