Table 19. Rates of central line-associated bloodstream infection in patient care locations providing pediatric step-down care, reported by California hospitals, January - December 2012 (inclusive)

Reporting hospital*	Cases	Central line-days	Rate	95% Confidence Interval	Statistical interpretation**
STATE OF CALIFORNIA POOLED DATA	**0**	**392**	**0.00**		
LAC/HARBOR-UCLA MED CTR, TORRANCE	0	162	0.00	(0.00,18.49)	✦
† UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA, SAN FRANCISCO	0	230	0.00	(0.00,13.02)	✦
UCSF MED CTR, SAN FRANCISCO					
UCSF MED CTR AT MOUNT ZION, SAN FRANCISCO					

* Hospitals with only one acute care campus associated with their license were listed by the campus name; hospitals with more than one campus associated with their license were listed by licensee names with acute care campus name(s) indented below

**Statistical interpretation indicates hospital-specific rates that were statistically higher (●), lower (○), or no different (⊙) than California average rates, or rates that were not tested due to too few central line-days or too few hospitals reported (✦)

† Hospital reported infection data aggregated over all acute care campuses

‡ Hospital reported infection data separately by acute care campus

Notes: Rate per 1000 central line days; 95% confidence interval calculated for rates based on exact Poisson distribution; pediatric step down general care locations specialize in patients ≤18 years old that are hemodynamically stable who can benefit from close supervision and monitoring

Source: Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections and Central Line Insertion Practices in California Hospitals, January through December 2012. California Department of Public Health