

**El Dorado County – Chronic Hepatitis C  
Cases and Rates of Newly Reported Cases, 2009-2013**

TOTAL	Chronic Hepatitis C												Change in LHJ rate from 2009 to 2013 <sup>4</sup>
	2009				2011				2013				
	LHJ		California		LHJ		California		LHJ		California		
	Cases	Rate <sup>1</sup>	Cases <sup>2</sup>	Rate	Cases	Rate <sup>1</sup>	Cases <sup>2</sup>	Rate	Cases	Rate <sup>1</sup>	Cases <sup>2</sup>	Rate	
	159	88.5	45,007	121.4	85	47.0	31,875	84.6	111	60.9	24,268	63.3	-31.2%

BY GENDER & AGE	Chronic Hepatitis C												Change in LHJ rate from 2009 to 2013 <sup>4</sup>
	2009				2011				2013				
	LHJ		California		LHJ		California		LHJ		California		
	Cases	Rate <sup>1</sup>	Cases	Rate	Cases	Rate <sup>1</sup>	Cases	Rate	Cases	Rate <sup>1</sup>	Cases	Rate	
<b>Female Total</b>	58	64.5	13,345	71.6	34	37.6	10,202	53.9	37	40.6	8,051	41.8	-37.1%
Ages <18	0	0.0	172	3.8	0	0.0	119	2.6	0	0.0	101	2.3	-
18-24	1	16.7	443	23.9	0	0.0	488	25.6	4	54.3	470	24.3	226.0%
25-34	6	73.8	1,233	47.9	5	59.9	1,049	39.8	6	74.7	920	34.5	1.2%
35-44	3	26.7	2,151	82.9	4	37.6	1,375	53.5	4	39.1	917	35.6	46.7%
45-54	35	212.9	4,496	169.9	9	56.3	3,078	116.5	12	79.6	2,094	79.6	-62.6%
55-64	11	81.3	3,118	153.0	12	81.9	2,708	123.8	9	58.5	2,377	103.5	-28.0%
65+	2	14.7	1,672	70.5	3	20.4	1,335	53.6	2	12.2	1,140	42.3	-17.2%
Not Specified	0	-	60	-	1	-	50	-	0	-	32	-	-
<b>Male Total</b>	99	110.2	29,740	161.2	51	56.4	20,314	108.4	74	81.2	15,322	80.3	-26.3%
Ages <18	1	4.6	157	3.3	0	0.0	107	2.3	0	0.0	108	2.3	-100.0%
18-24	2	28.0	860	42.5	0	0.0	908	43.9	5	59.9	899	43.0	114.1%
25-34	3	35.2	3,518	130.5	2	22.3	2,651	95.7	10	112.2	2,338	82.8	219.1%
35-44	13	120.1	5,781	219.3	7	67.8	3,272	126.0	5	49.8	2,062	79.2	-58.5%
45-54	31	197.2	10,366	397.0	11	72.2	6,050	231.3	15	104.2	3,892	148.8	-47.2%
55-64	36	264.8	6,915	363.5	27	186.5	5,403	264.3	34	226.8	4,297	199.3	-14.4%
65+	13	106.7	1,954	107.5	4	30.0	1,666	86.1	5	33.2	1,538	72.3	-68.9%
Not Specified	0	-	189	-	0	-	257	-	0	-	188	-	-
<b>Gender Not Specified</b>	2	-	1,919	-	0	-	1,358	-	0	-	895	-	-

BY RACE/ETHNICITY	2009				2011				2013			
	LHJ Chronic Hepatitis C		LHJ Population		LHJ Chronic Hepatitis C		LHJ Population		LHJ Chronic Hepatitis C		LHJ Population	
	Cases	Percent <sup>3</sup>	Number	Percent <sup>3</sup>	Cases	Percent <sup>3</sup>	Number	Percent <sup>3</sup>	Cases	Percent <sup>3</sup>	Number	Percent <sup>3</sup>
American Indian/Alaska Native	1	2.9%	1,540	0.9%	1	4.0%	1,600	0.9%	0	0.0%	1,618	0.9%
Asian/Pacific Islander	0	0.0%	6,079	3.5%	0	0.0%	6,550	3.7%	0	0.0%	6,658	3.8%
African American/Black	1	2.9%	1,226	0.7%	0	0.0%	1,320	0.8%	1	3.8%	1,323	0.7%
Hispanic/Latino	4	11.4%	21,135	12.1%	1	4.0%	22,210	12.6%	1	3.8%	22,785	12.9%
White	29	82.9%	145,120	82.9%	23	92.0%	144,279	82.0%	24	92.3%	144,790	81.7%
Other/Multi/Not Specified	124	78.0%	4,601	2.6%	60	70.6%	4,904	2.7%	85	76.6%	5,054	2.8%

<sup>1</sup> Overall county rates were calculated using mid-year (July 1) California Department of Finance county population estimates for each year.

<sup>2</sup> Case counts include transgender chronic hepatitis C cases. Ten transgender chronic hepatitis C cases were newly reported during 2009-2013. Transgender cases are not reflected in totals for male cases, female cases or cases for which gender was unknown. Rates were not calculated for transgender persons because information on transgender identity was not consistently collected during 2009-2013.

<sup>3</sup> Percent calculations for race/ethnicity exclude individuals for whom age or race/ethnicity was "Not Specified" from the denominator. Caution should be used when interpreting percentages by race/ethnicity, since race/ethnicity information was not reported for the majority of chronic viral hepatitis cases during 2009-2013.

<sup>4</sup> Positive percent changes in rates of newly reported chronic hepatitis C from 2009-2013 are highlighted red. Caution should be used when interpreting county-specific rates of newly reported cases for counties of population size fewer than 100,000; rates fluctuate widely due to their small population size.

Notes: • Rates are per 100,000 population.

• Dash (-) indicates when a rate or percentage was not calculated. Rates by race/ethnicity were not calculated since race/ethnicity was not known for the majority of cases.

• For counties with city local health jurisdictions (LHJs), the data shown include cases from city LHJs; Alameda County includes City of Berkeley, and Los Angeles County includes City of Long Beach and City of Pasadena.

• These data exclude cases reported from state prisons because people are typically incarcerated in a different county than the one in which they would otherwise live.

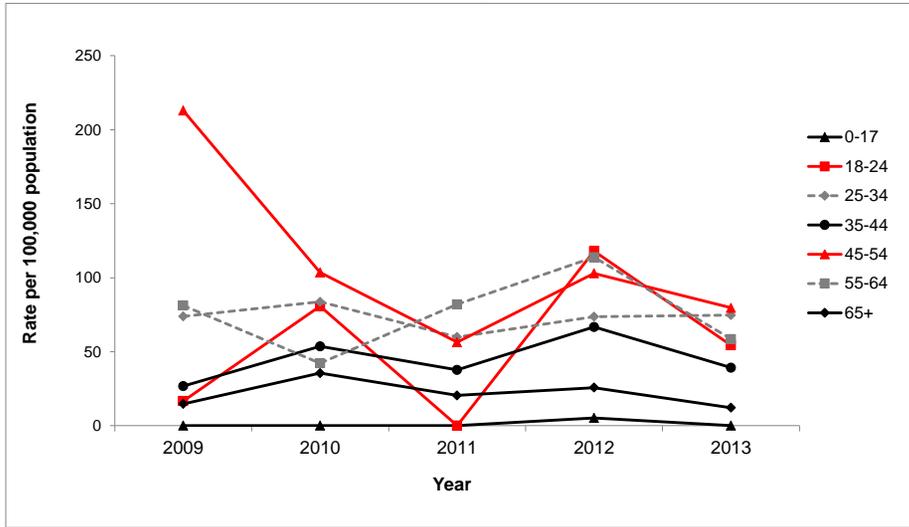
• These data do NOT measure prevalence or incidence of chronic viral hepatitis infections in California due to the asymptomatic nature of chronic hepatitis C infections, varied levels of completeness of surveillance reporting, and because it remains unknown how many of the cases described in this report are currently living.

Source: California Department of Public Health, Sexually Transmitted Diseases (STD) Control Branch, Office of Viral Hepatitis Prevention

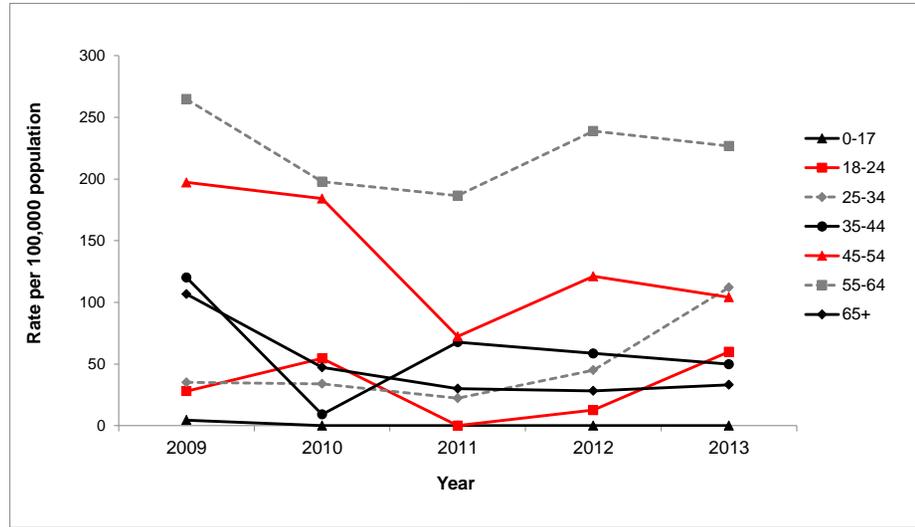
# El Dorado County – Chronic Hepatitis C

## Chronic Hepatitis C – Rates of Newly Reported Cases by Gender and Age, 2009-2013, El Dorado County

FEMALES

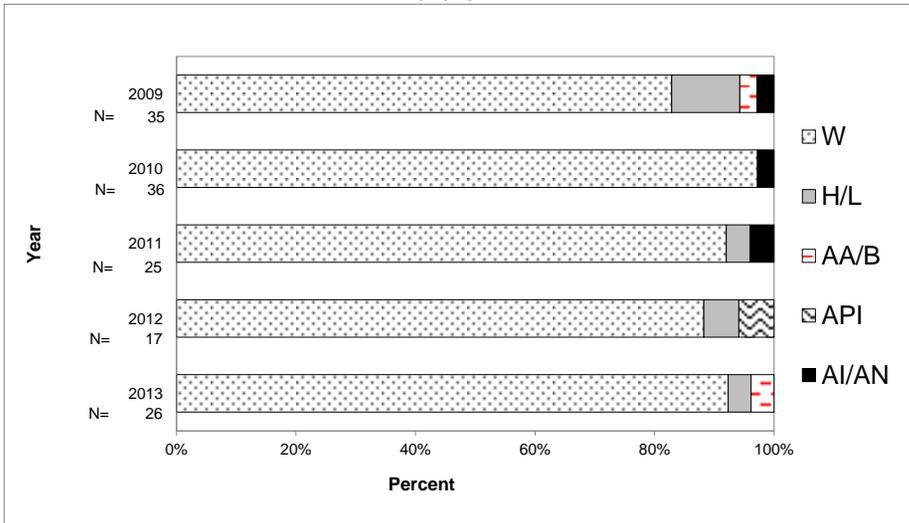


MALES

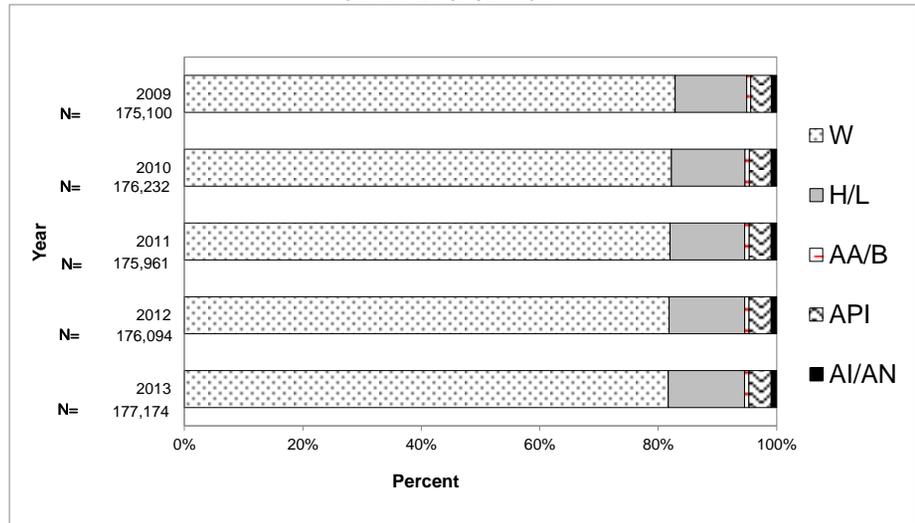


## Chronic Hepatitis C Cases by Race/Ethnicity, 2009-2013, El Dorado County

CASES



GENERAL POPULATION



Notes:

- Race/ethnicity categories: W=White, H/L=Hispanic/Latino, AA/B=African American/Black, API=Asian/Pacific Islander, AI/AN=American Indian/Alaska Native
- Rates are per 100,000 population
- For counties with city health jurisdictions, the data shown include cases from city health jurisdictions; Alameda County includes City of Berkeley, and Los Angeles County includes Long Beach and Pasadena.
- These data exclude cases reported from state prisons because people are typically incarcerated in a different county than the one in which they would otherwise live.
- Percent calculations for race/ethnicity exclude individuals for whom race/ethnicity was "Not Specified" from the denominator. Caution should be used when interpreting percentages by race/ethnicity, since race/ethnicity information was not reported for the majority of chronic viral hepatitis cases from 2009-2013.