



2012 MIHA County Charts

Geographic Comparisons of Selected Indicators from the
Maternal and Infant Health Assessment (MIHA) Survey



Maternal, Child and Adolescent Health Program
Center for Family Health
California Department of Public Health

December 2014



MIHA is a collaborative effort of the Maternal, Child and Adolescent Health and WIC Programs of the Center for Family Health, California Department of Public Health and the Center on Social Disparities in Health at the University of California, San Francisco. Visit the MIHA website at www.cdph.ca.gov/MIHA.



California Counties Sampled in MIHA 2010-2012



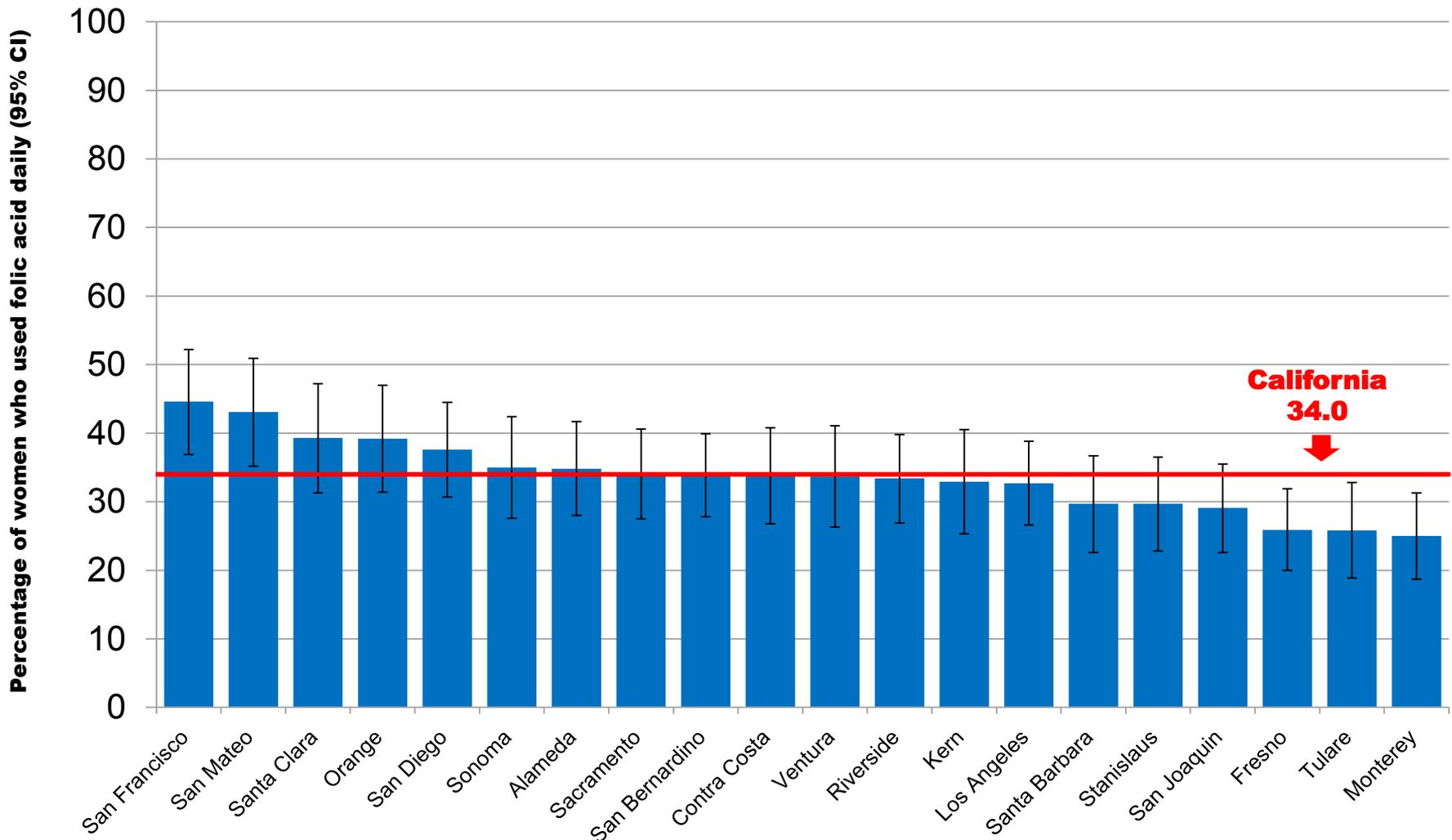
Top 20 Birthing Counties

% of resident women with a live birth in 2012

- Los Angeles 26.2%
- San Diego 8.8%
- Orange 7.6%
- San Bernardino 6.1%
- Riverside 6.0%
- Santa Clara 4.8%
- Sacramento 3.9%
- Alameda 3.9%
- Fresno 3.2%
- Kern 2.9%
- Contra Costa 2.4%
- Ventura 2.1%
- San Joaquin 2.0%
- San Mateo 1.8%
- San Francisco 1.8%
- Tulare 1.6%
- Stanislaus 1.5%
- Monterey 1.3%
- Santa Barbara 1.1%
- Sonoma 1.0%



Daily folic acid use in the month before pregnancy, MIHA 2012



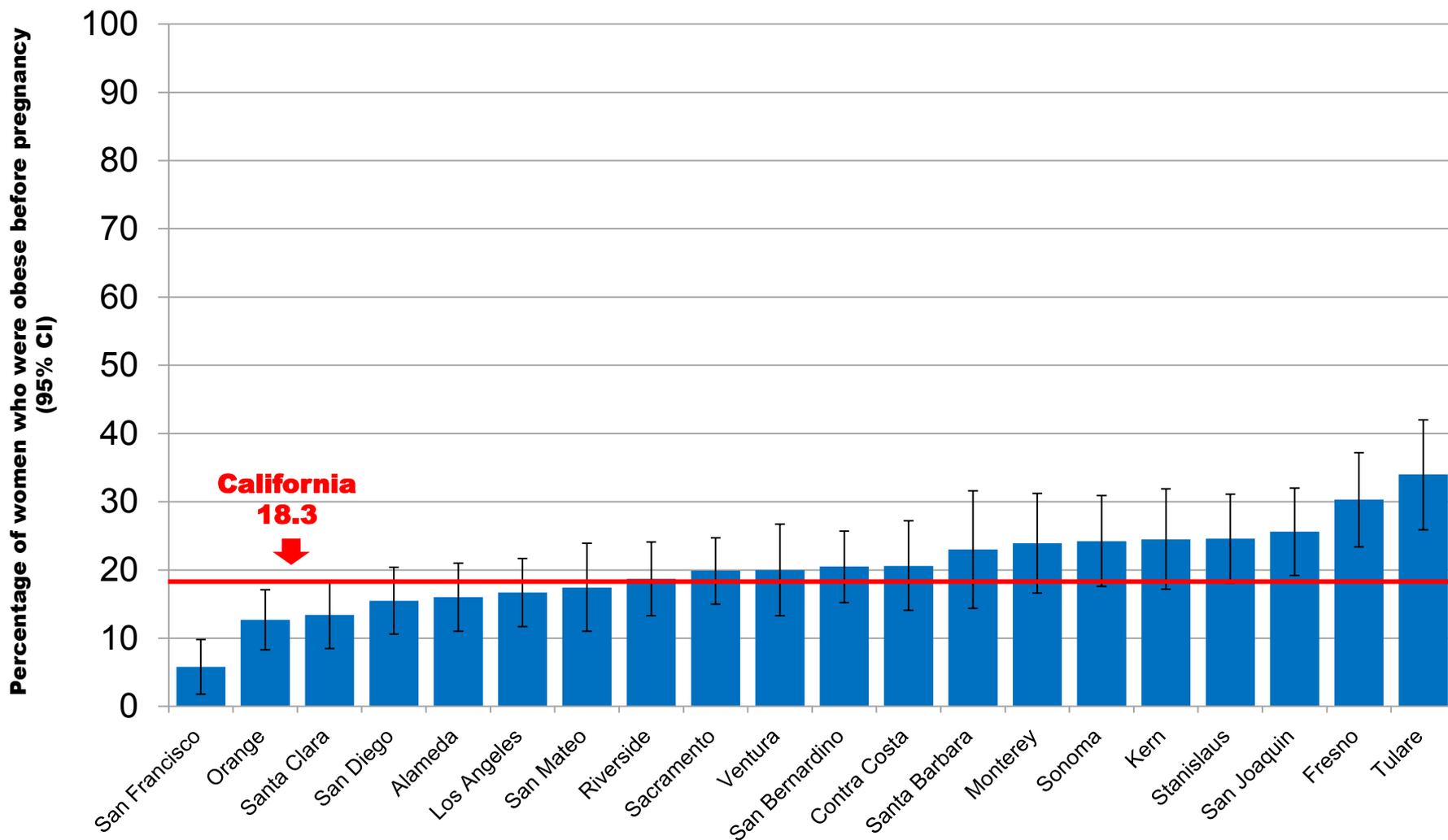
California
34.0



Prepared by the Epidemiology, Assessment, and Program Development Branch, MCAH Division. The Maternal and Infant Health Assessment (MIHA) Survey is an annual population-based survey of women with a live birth, with a sample size of 6,810 in 2012. Percentages and 95% confidence intervals (95% CI) are weighted to represent all women with a live birth in 2012 in California and in the counties shown. Confidence intervals are shown as thin black lines extending above and below the top of the blue bars.



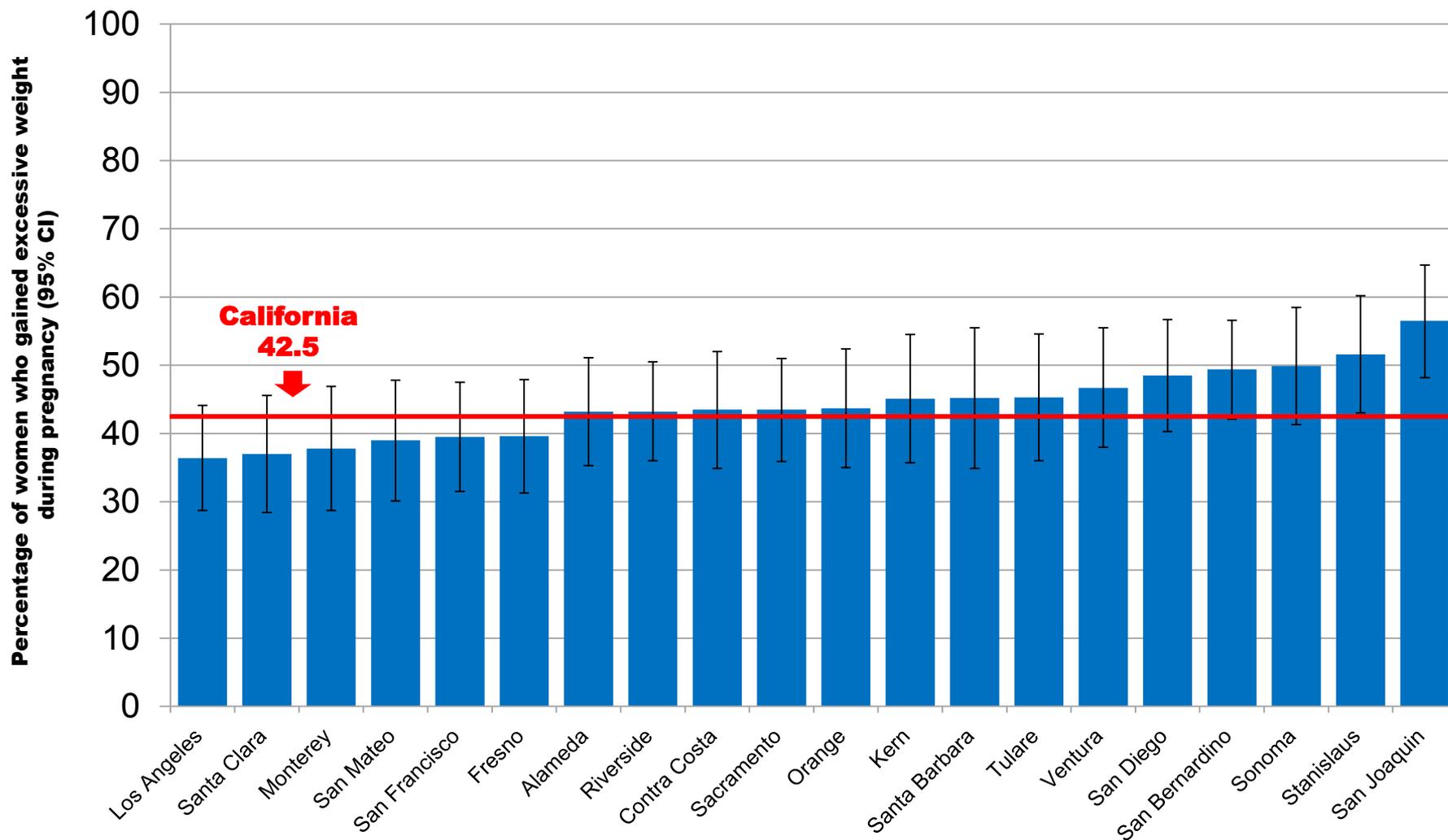
Obesity before pregnancy (BMI 30+), MIHA 2012



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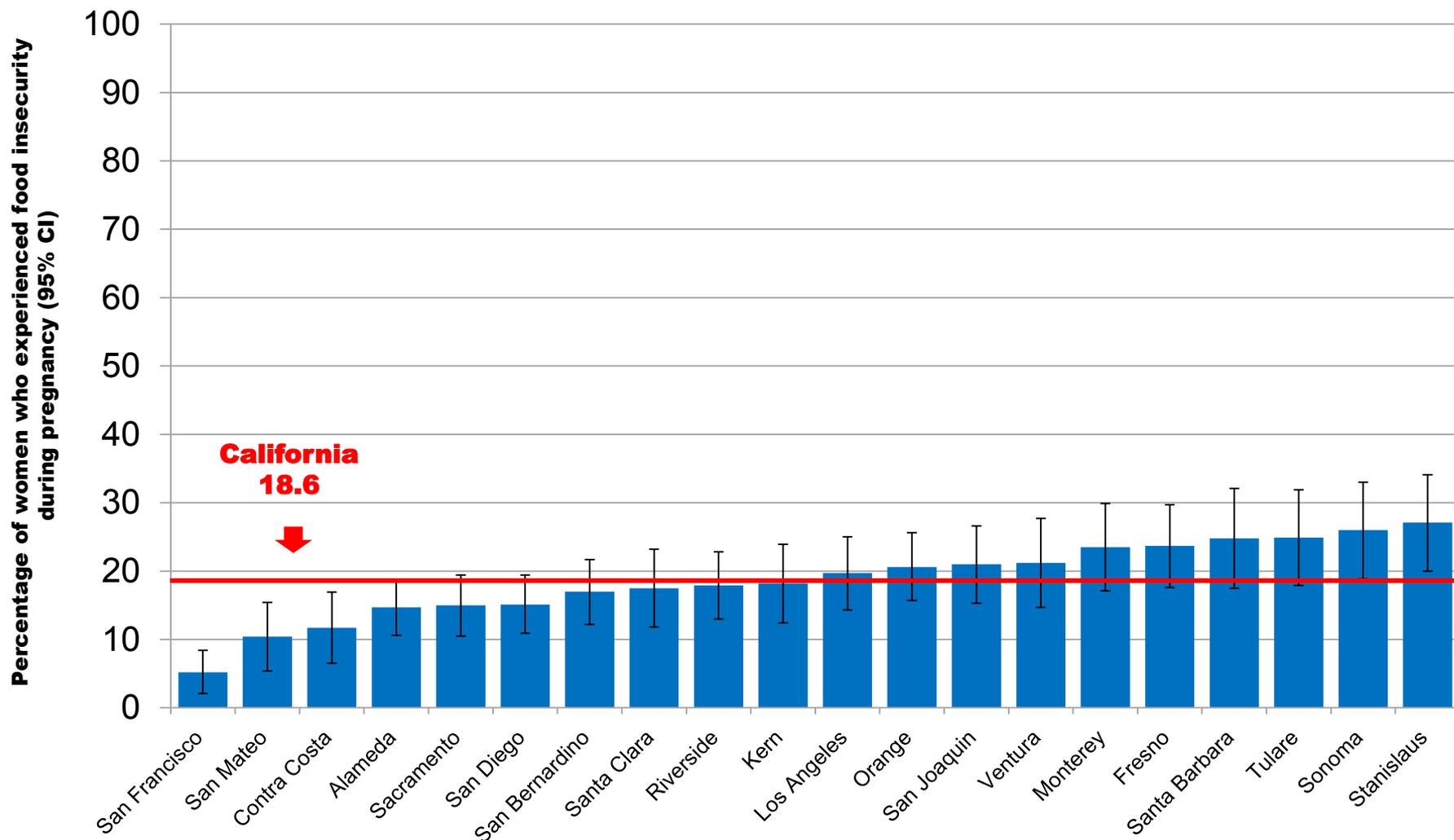


Excessive weight gain during pregnancy, MIHA 2012



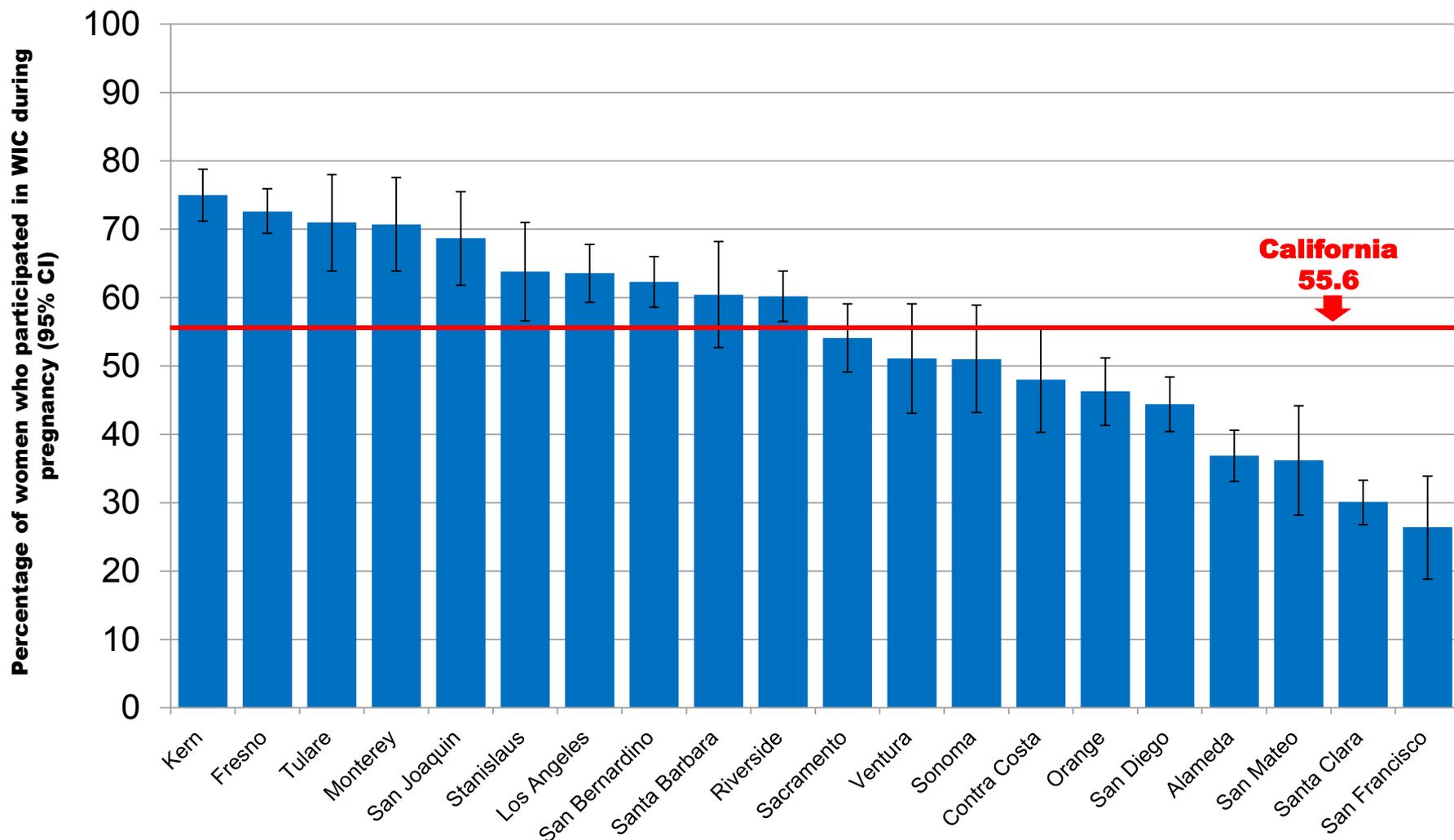
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Food insecurity during pregnancy, MIHA 2012





Participated in WIC during pregnancy, MIHA 2012

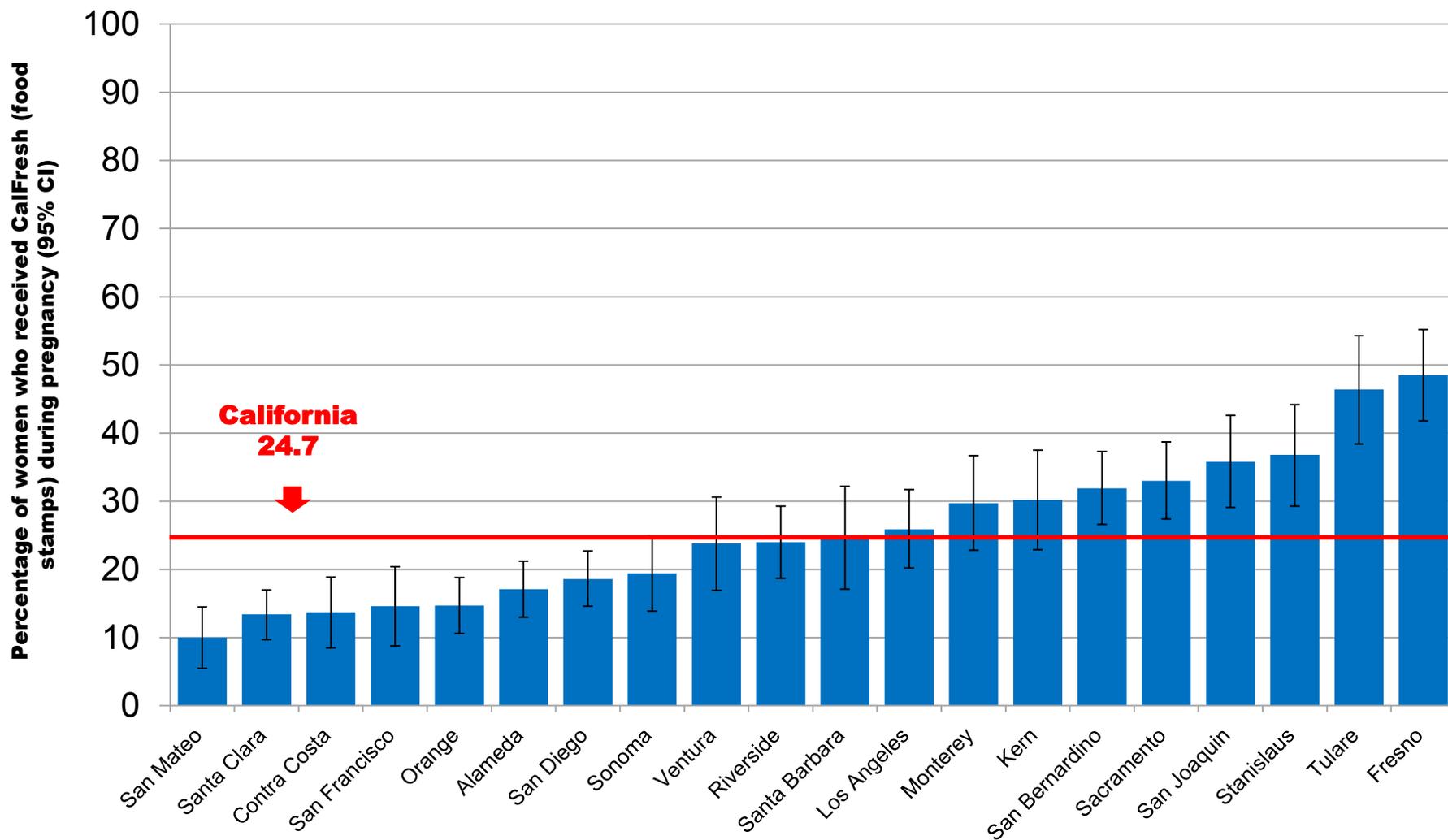


California
55.6

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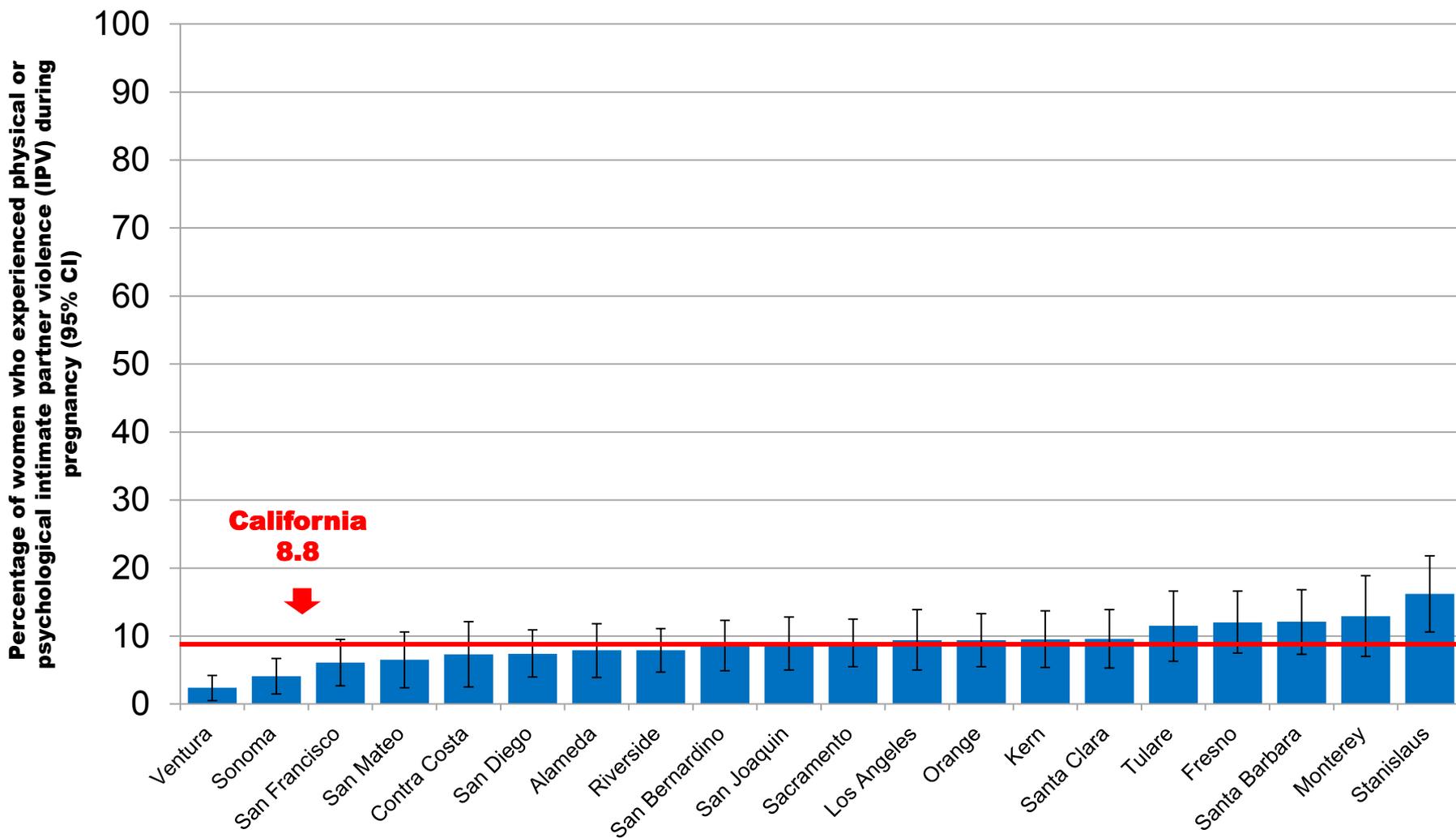
Received CalFresh (food stamps) during pregnancy, MIHA 2012



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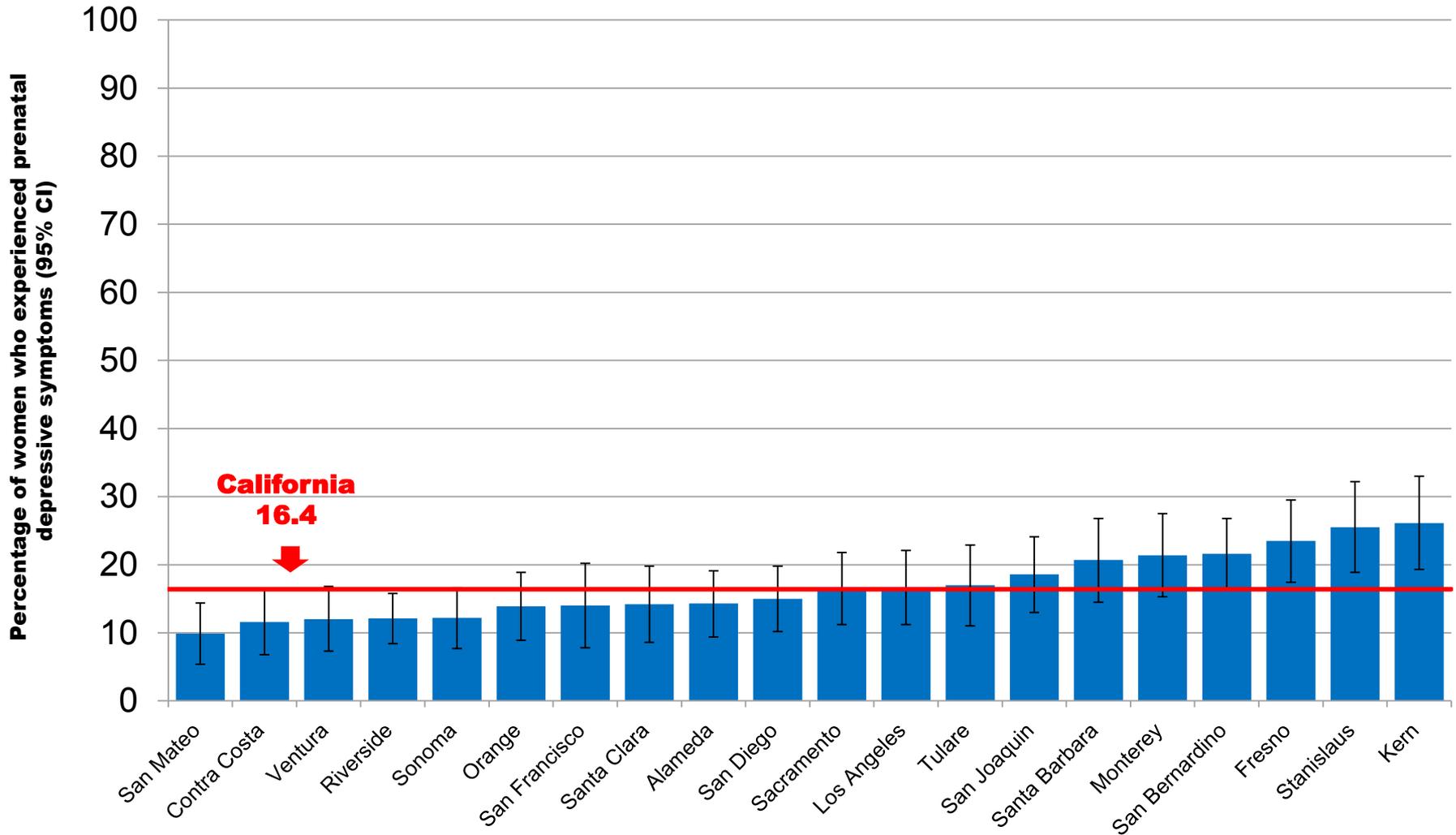


Physical or psychological intimate partner violence (IPV) during pregnancy, MIHA 2012



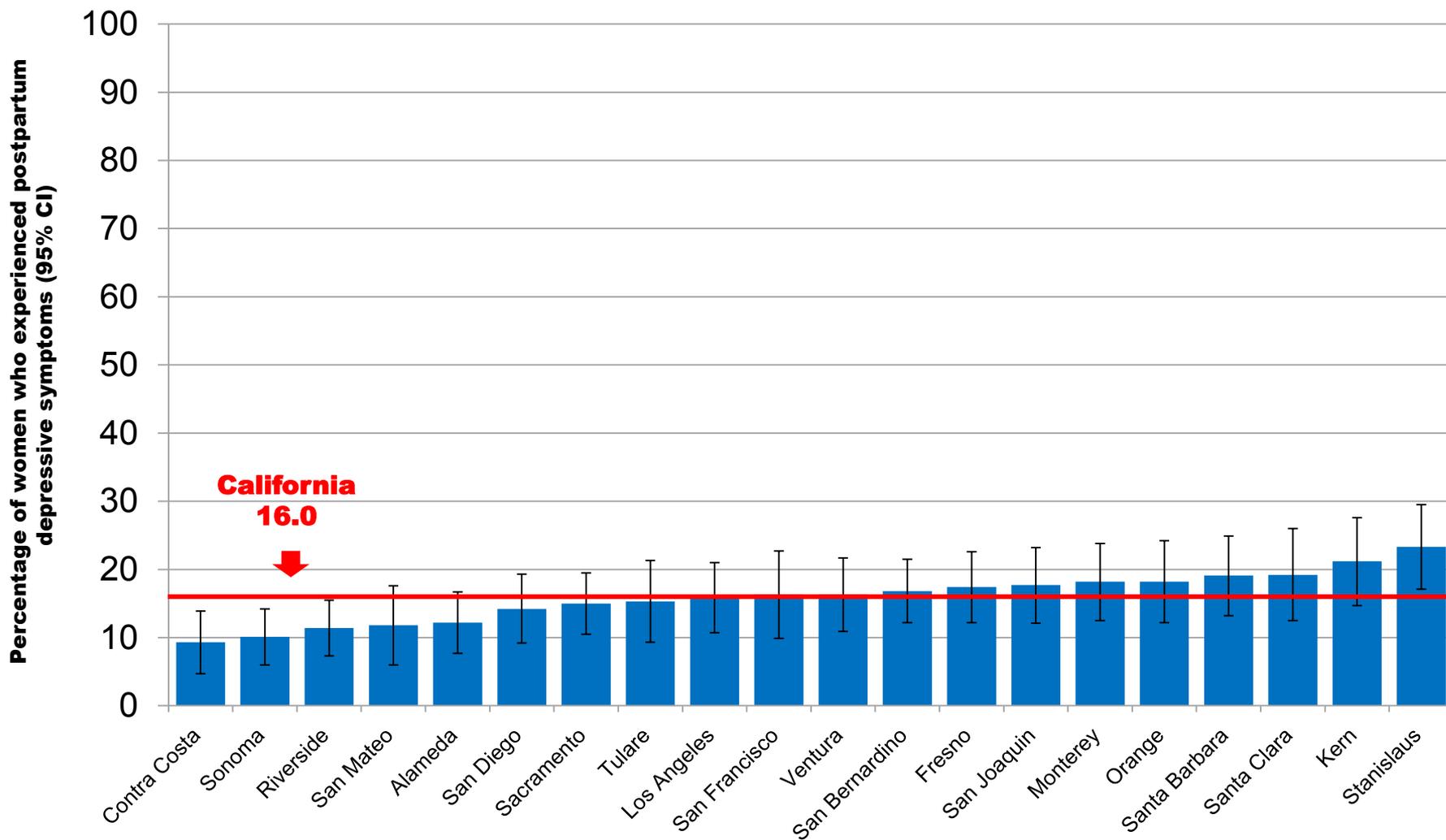
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Prenatal depressive symptoms, MIHA 2012





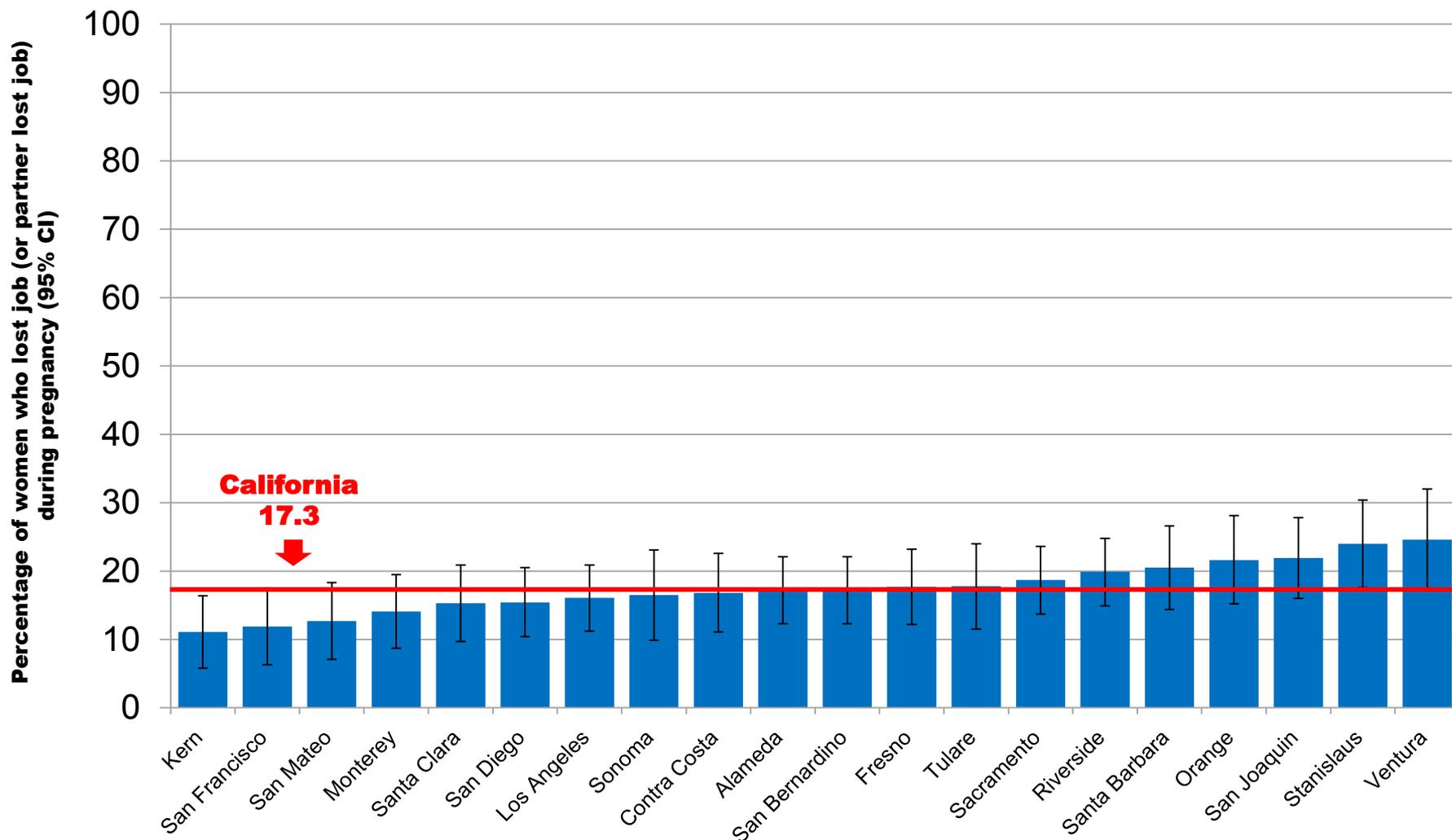
Postpartum depressive symptoms, MIHA 2012



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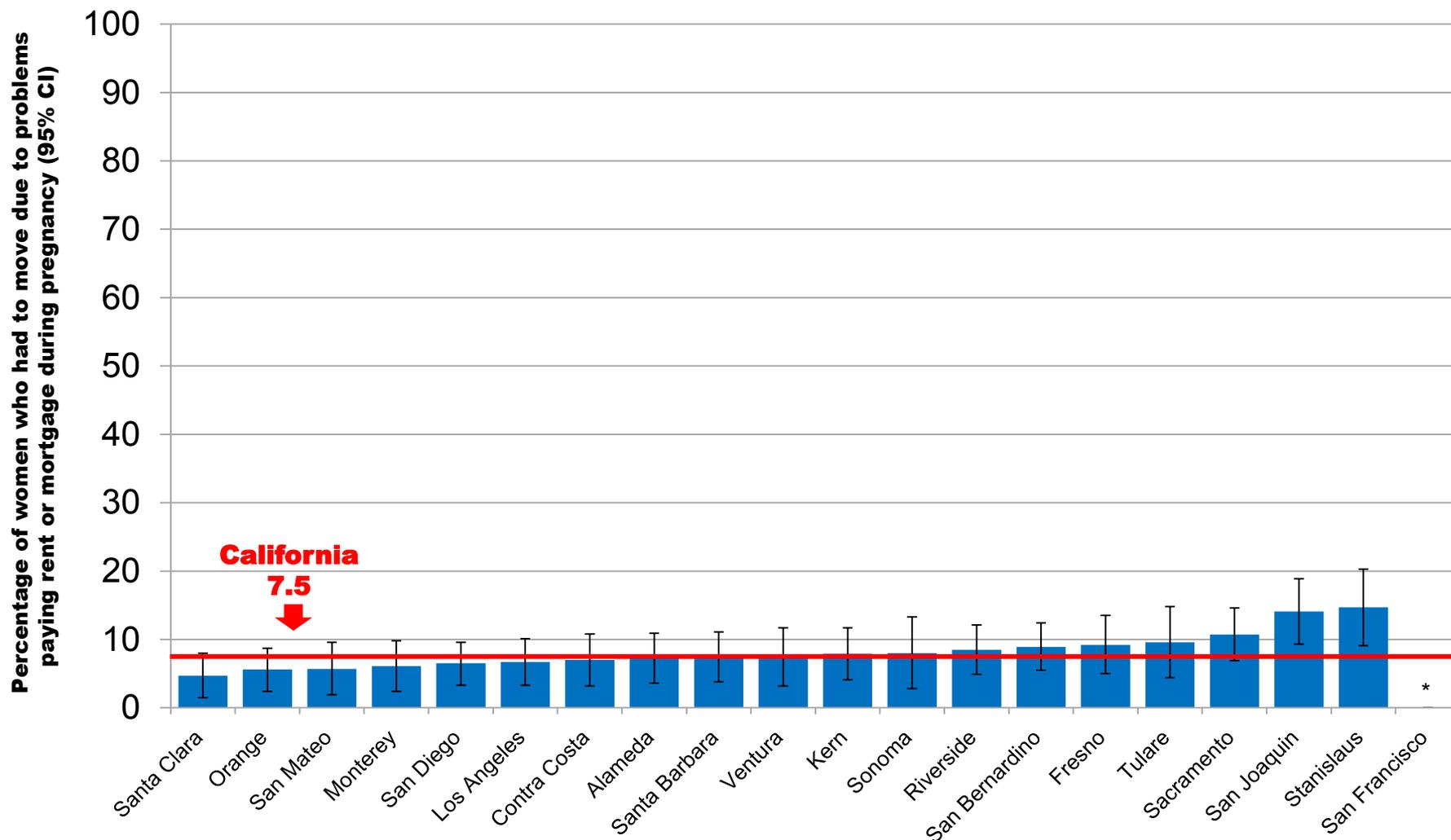
Woman or partner lost job during pregnancy, MIHA 2012



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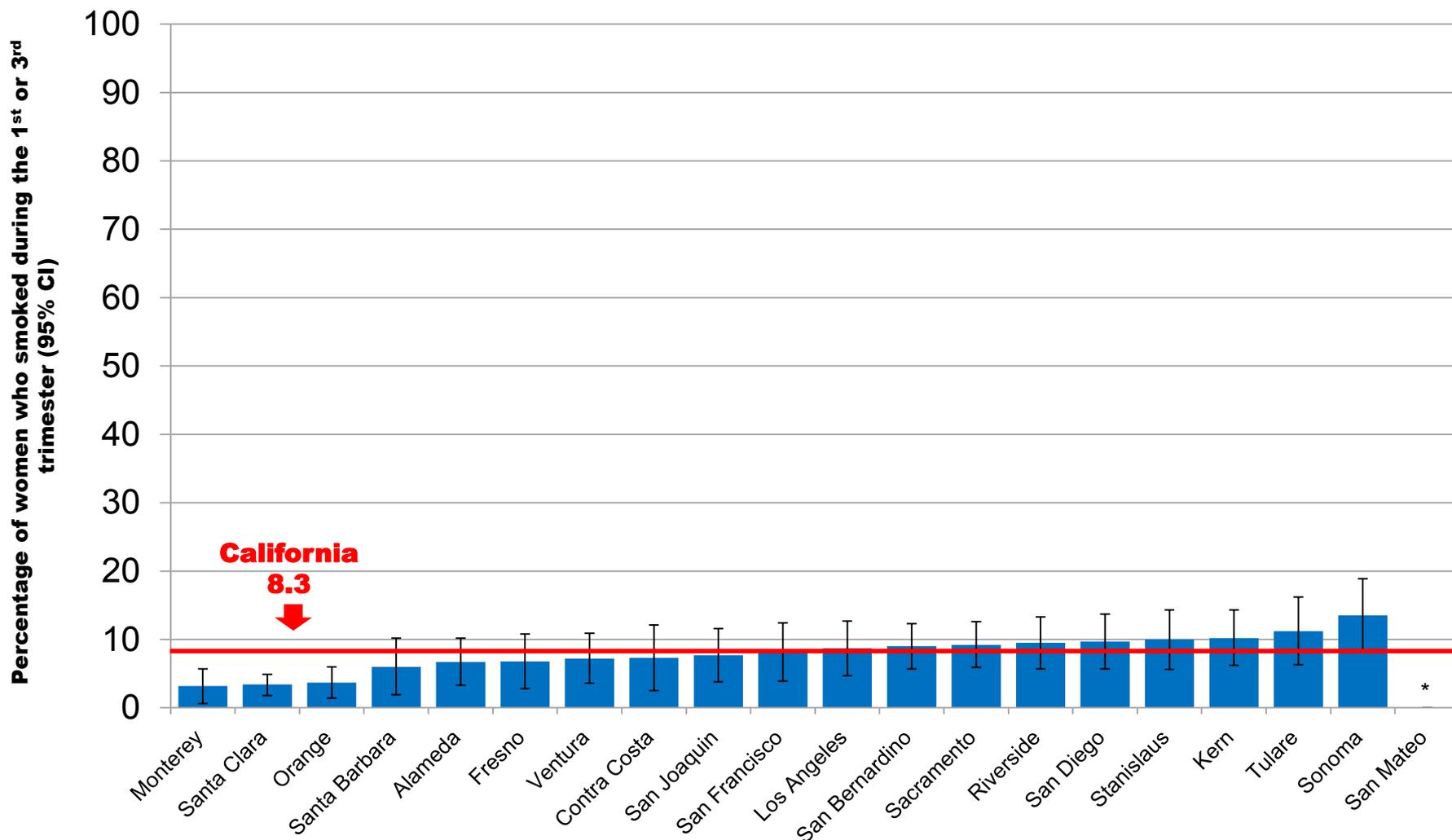
Had to move due to problems paying rent or mortgage during pregnancy, MIHA 2012



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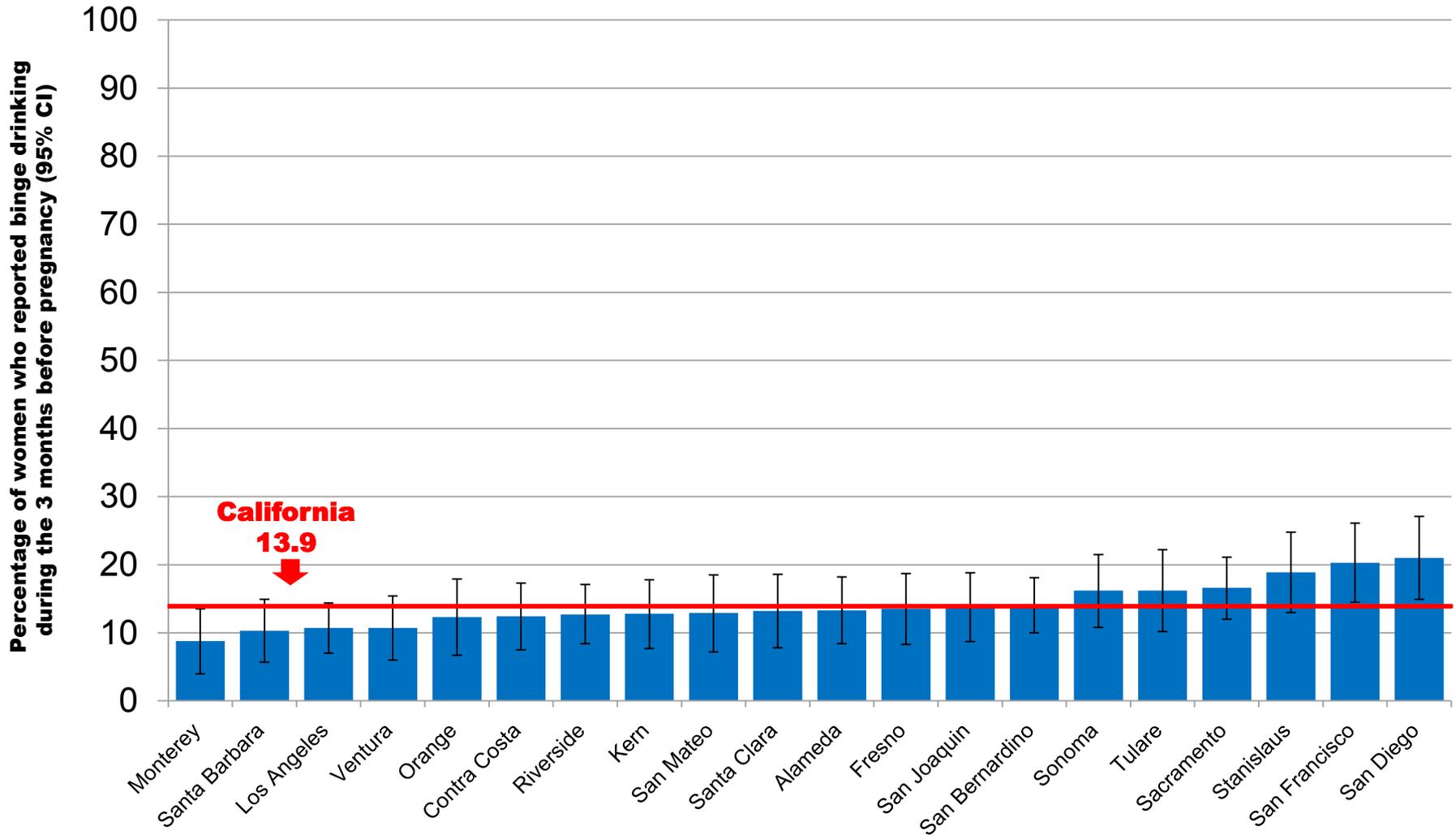
Any smoking during the 1st or 3rd trimester, MIHA 2012



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Any binge drinking during the 3 months before pregnancy, MIHA 2012



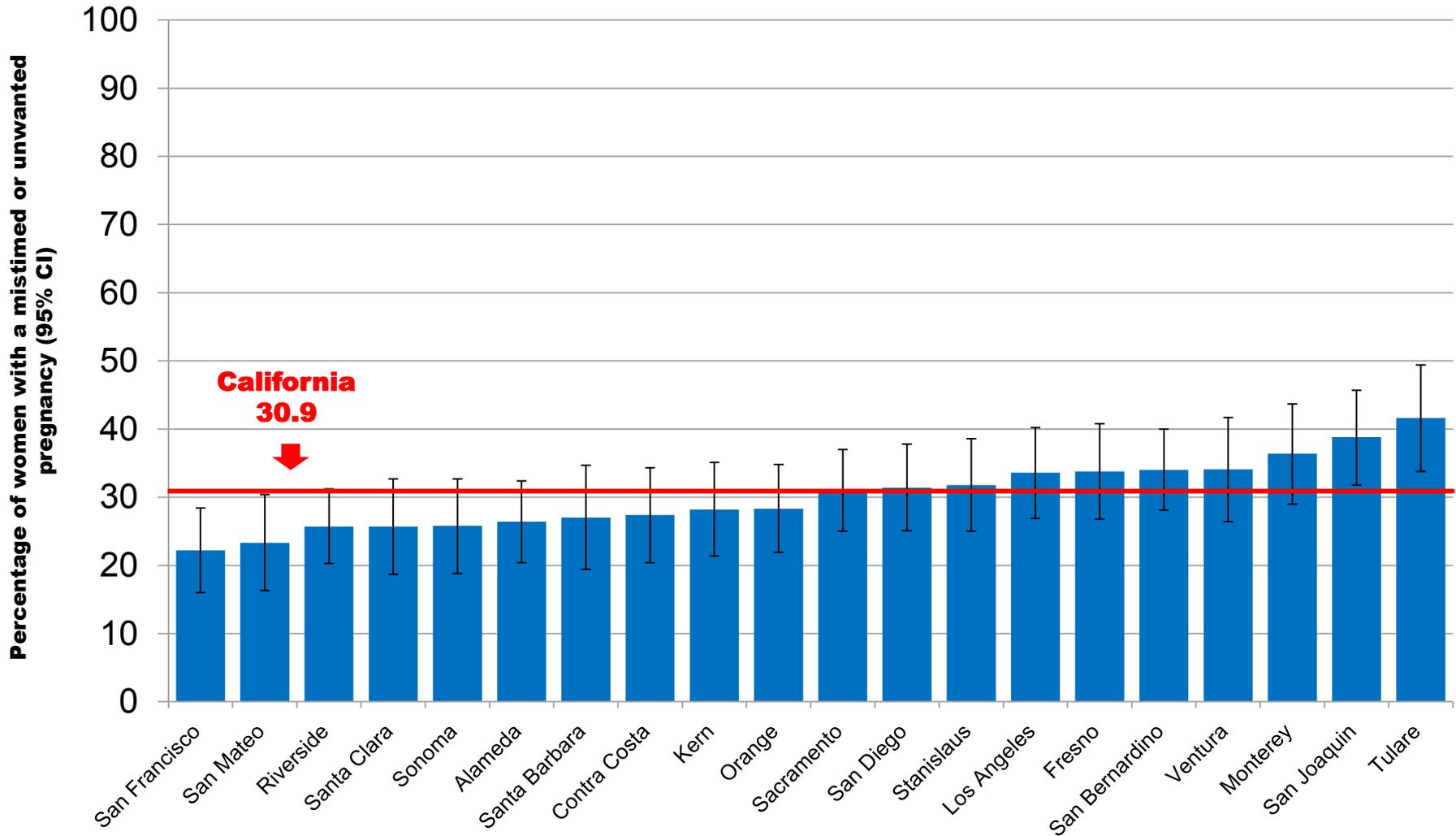
California
13.9



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Mistimed or unwanted pregnancy, MIHA 2012

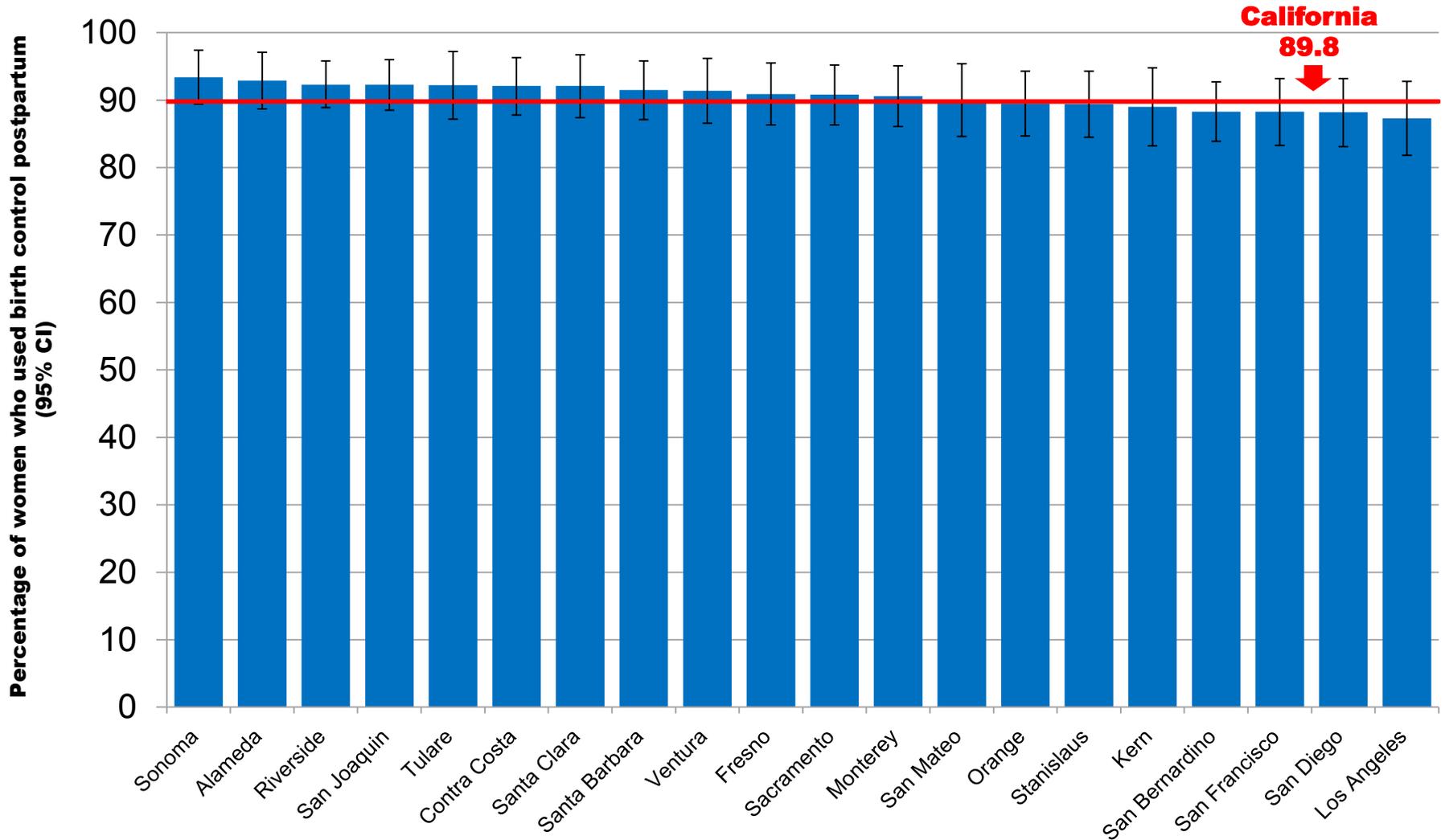


California
30.9

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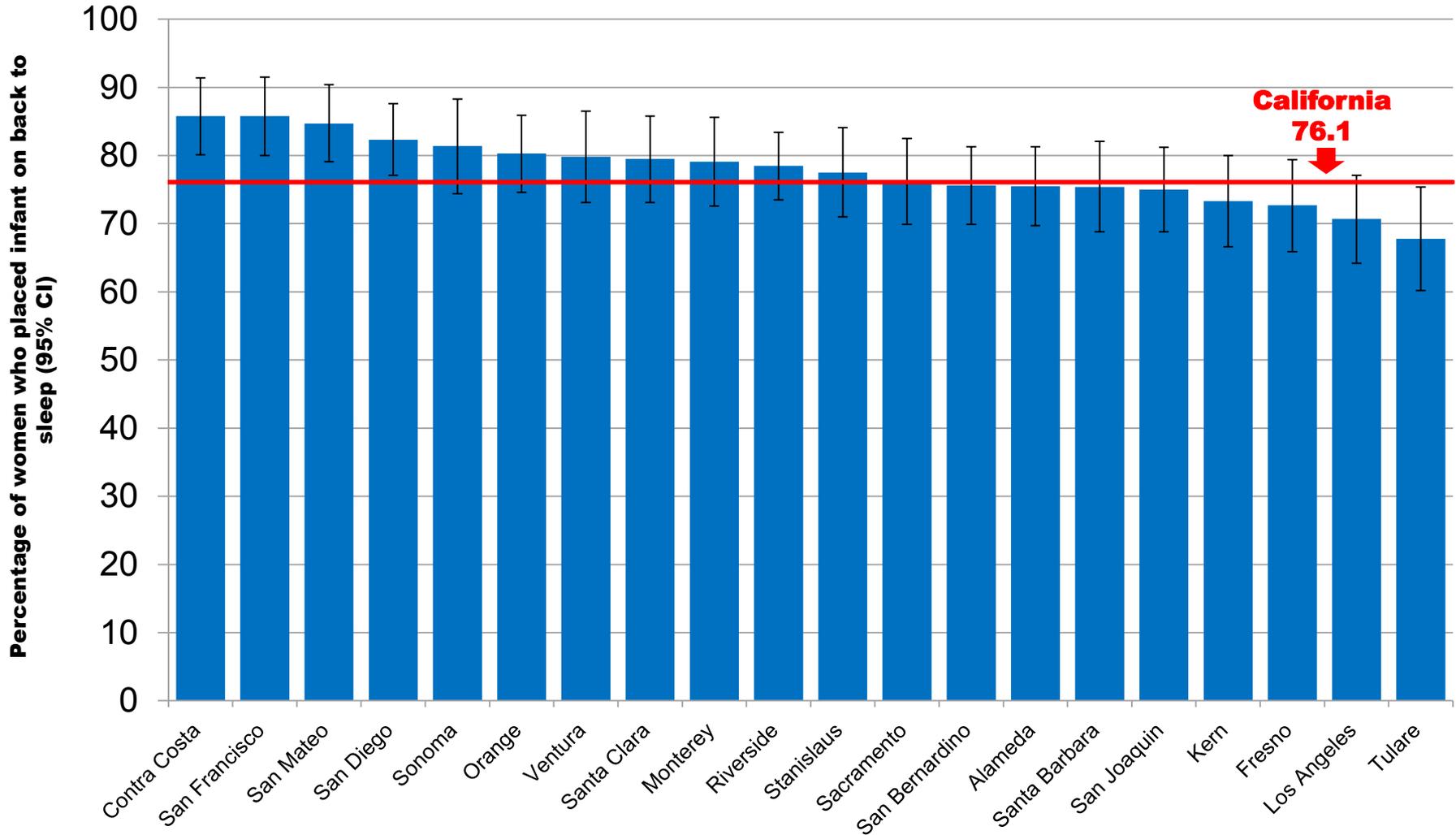
Postpartum birth control use, MIHA 2012



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Placed infant on back to sleep, MIHA 2012



California
76.1

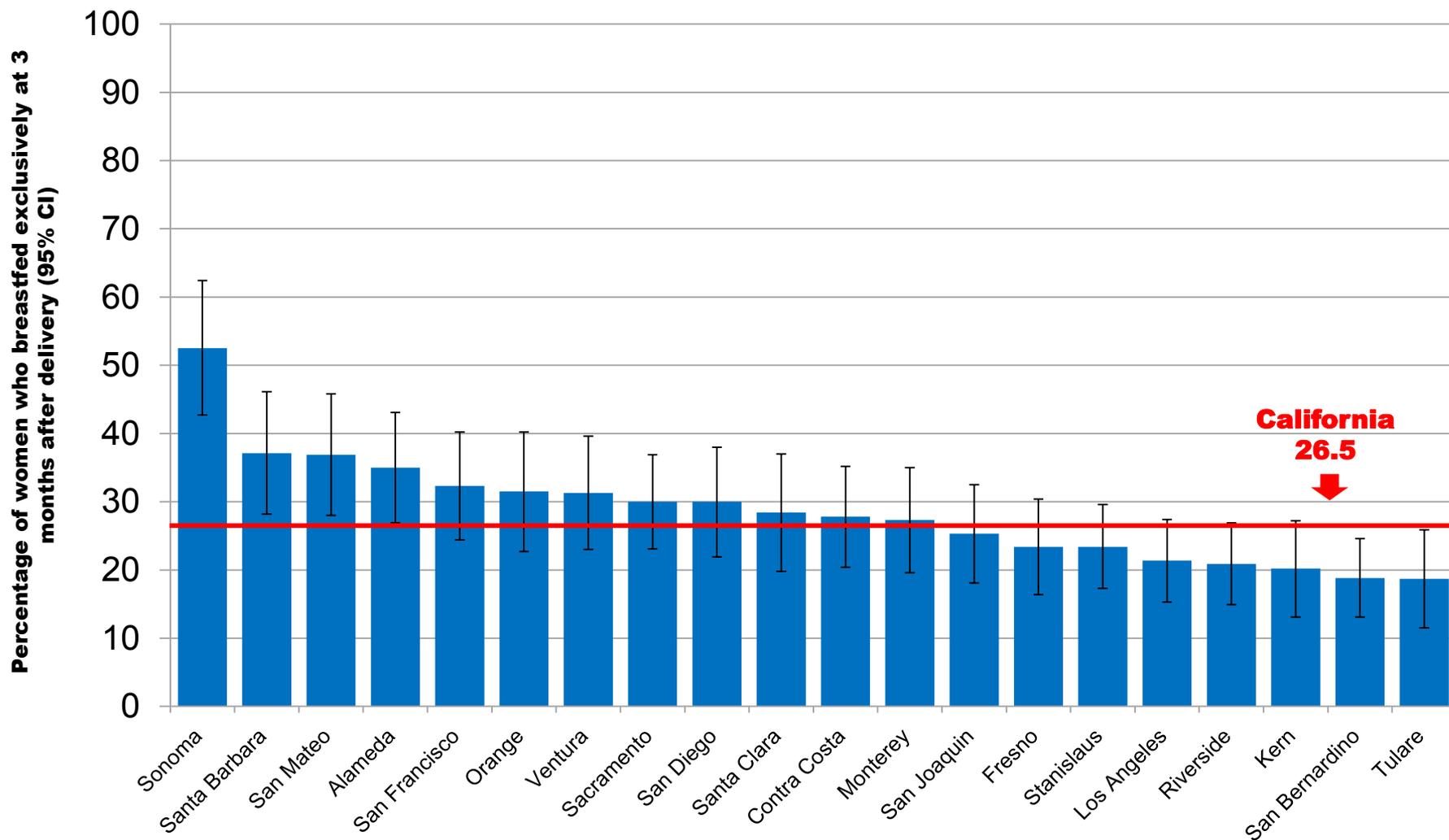
76.1



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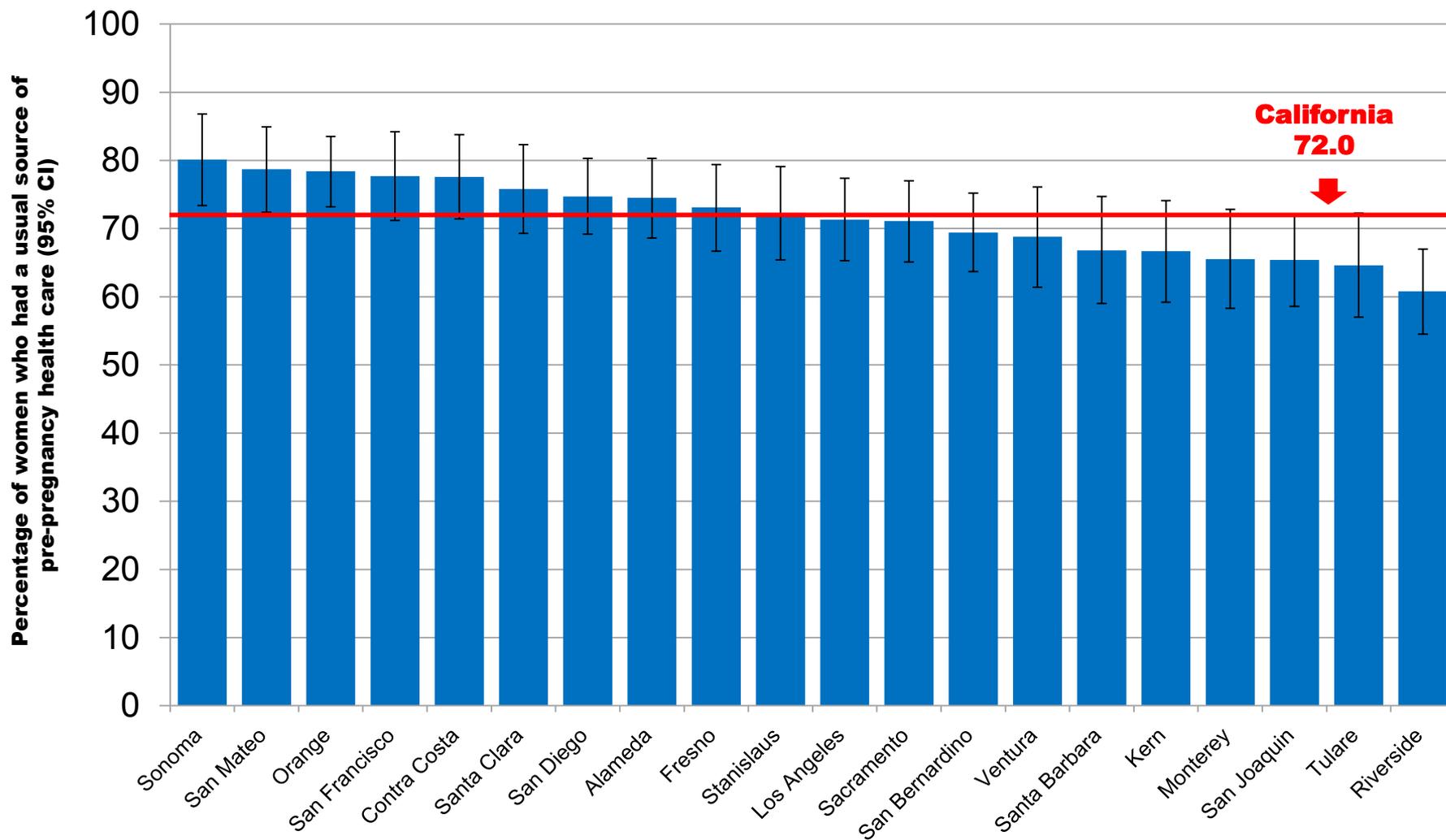
Exclusive breastfeeding at 3 months after delivery, MIHA 2012



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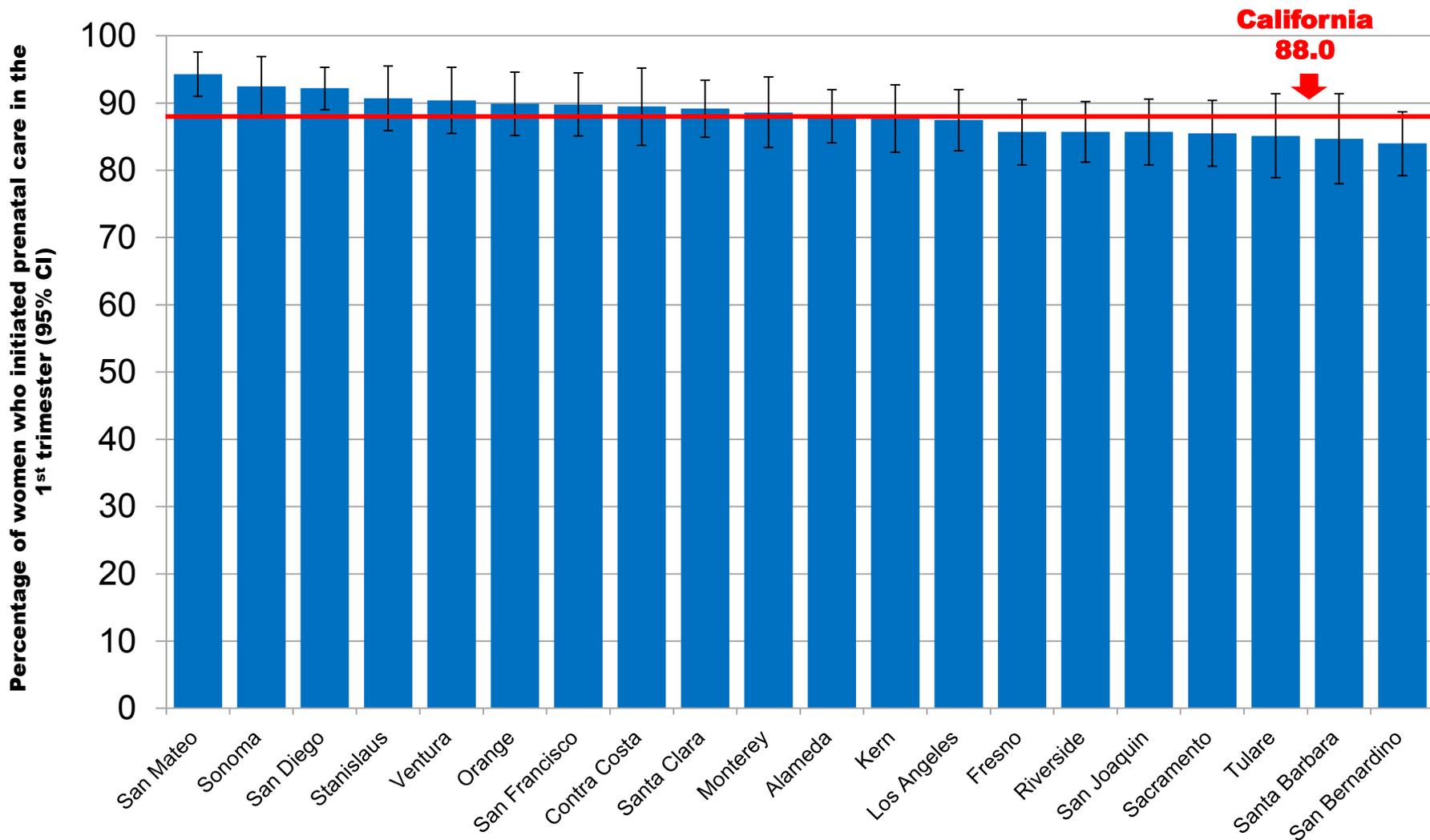
Had a usual source of pre-pregnancy health care, MIHA 2012



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Initiated prenatal care in the 1st trimester,[†] MIHA 2012

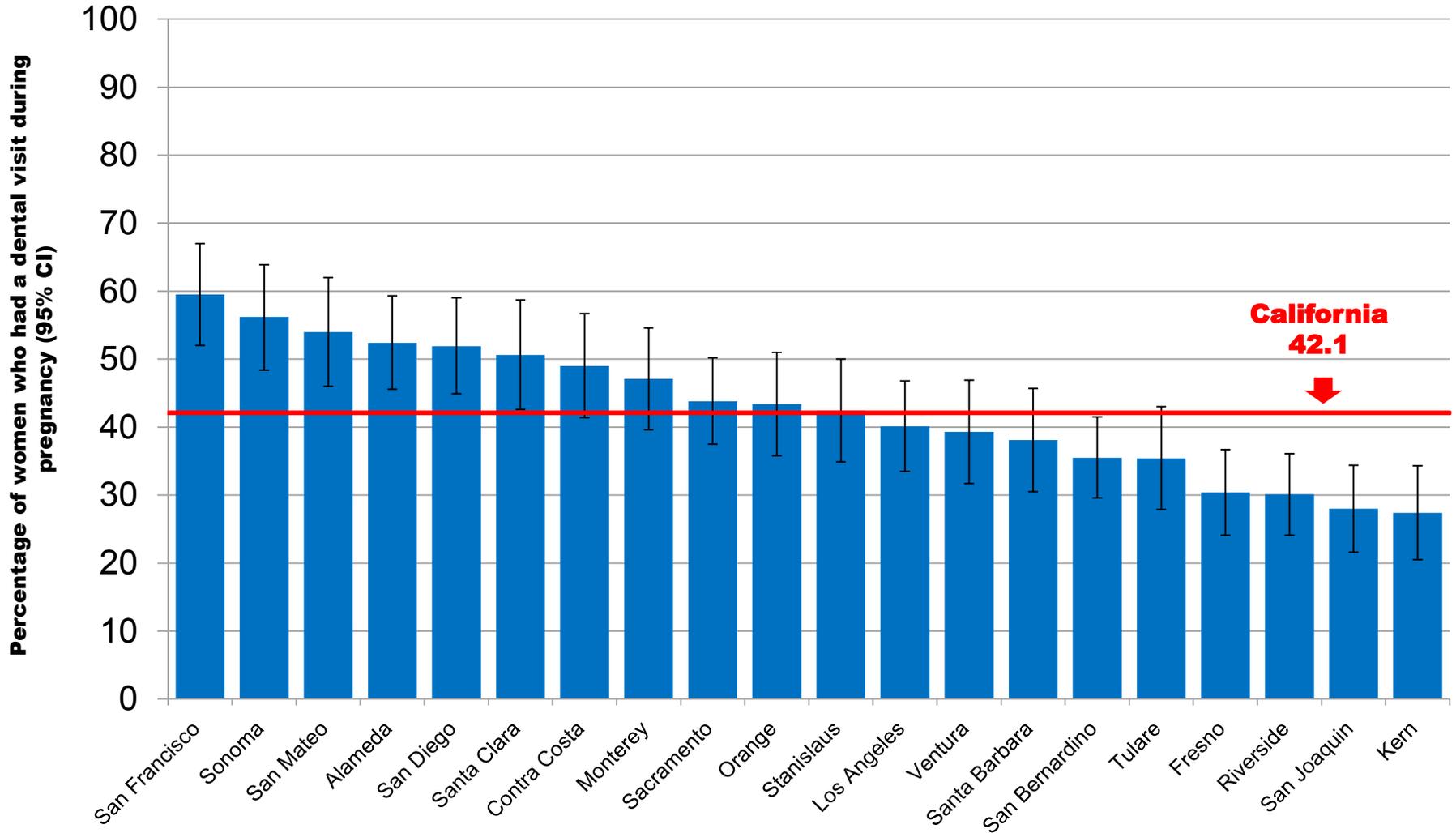


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[†] In 2012, the measure changed for this indicator and is not comparable to prior years (see Technical Document).



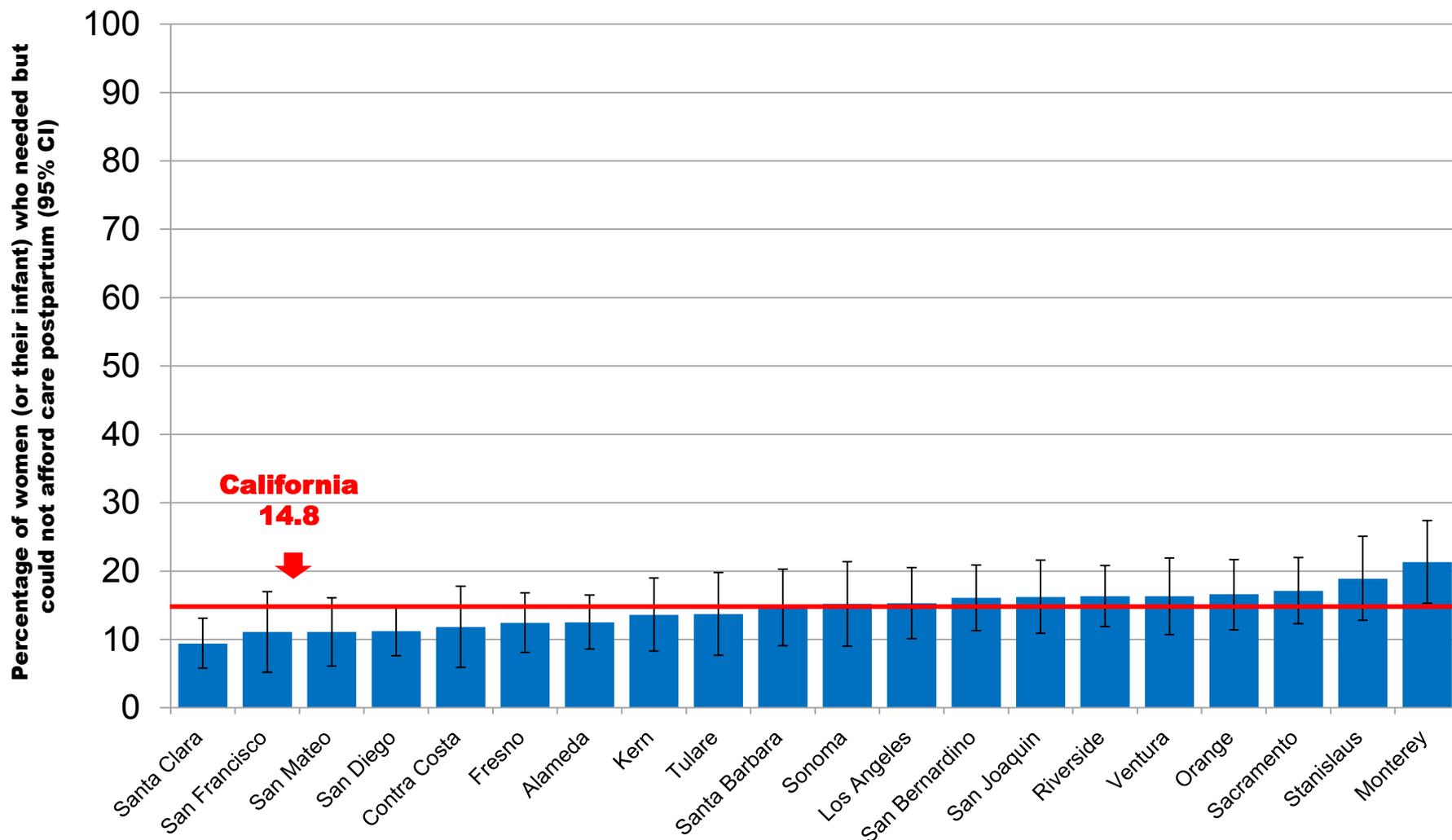
Had a dental visit during pregnancy, MIHA 2012



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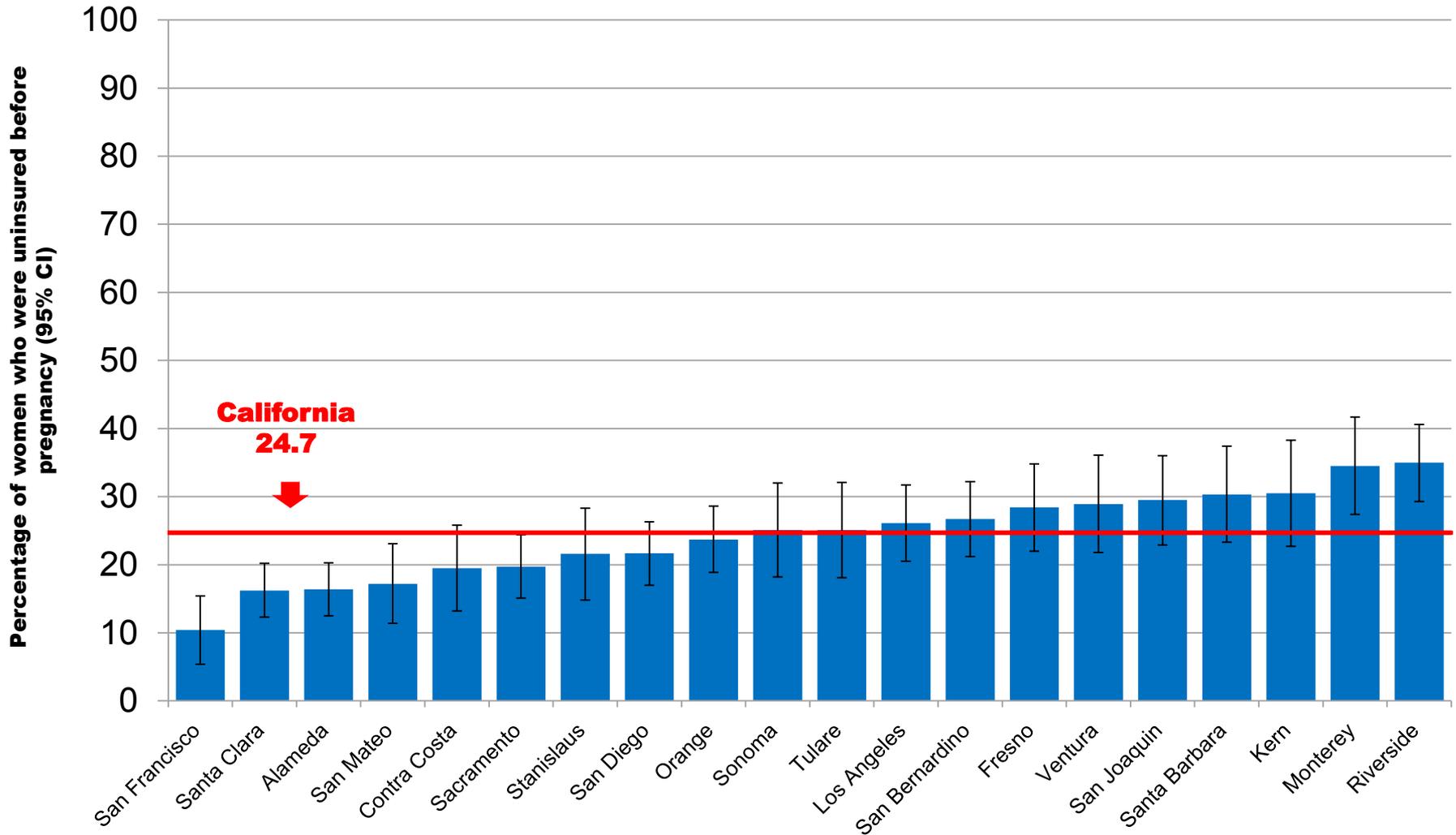
Mom or infant needed but could not afford care postpartum, MIHA 2012



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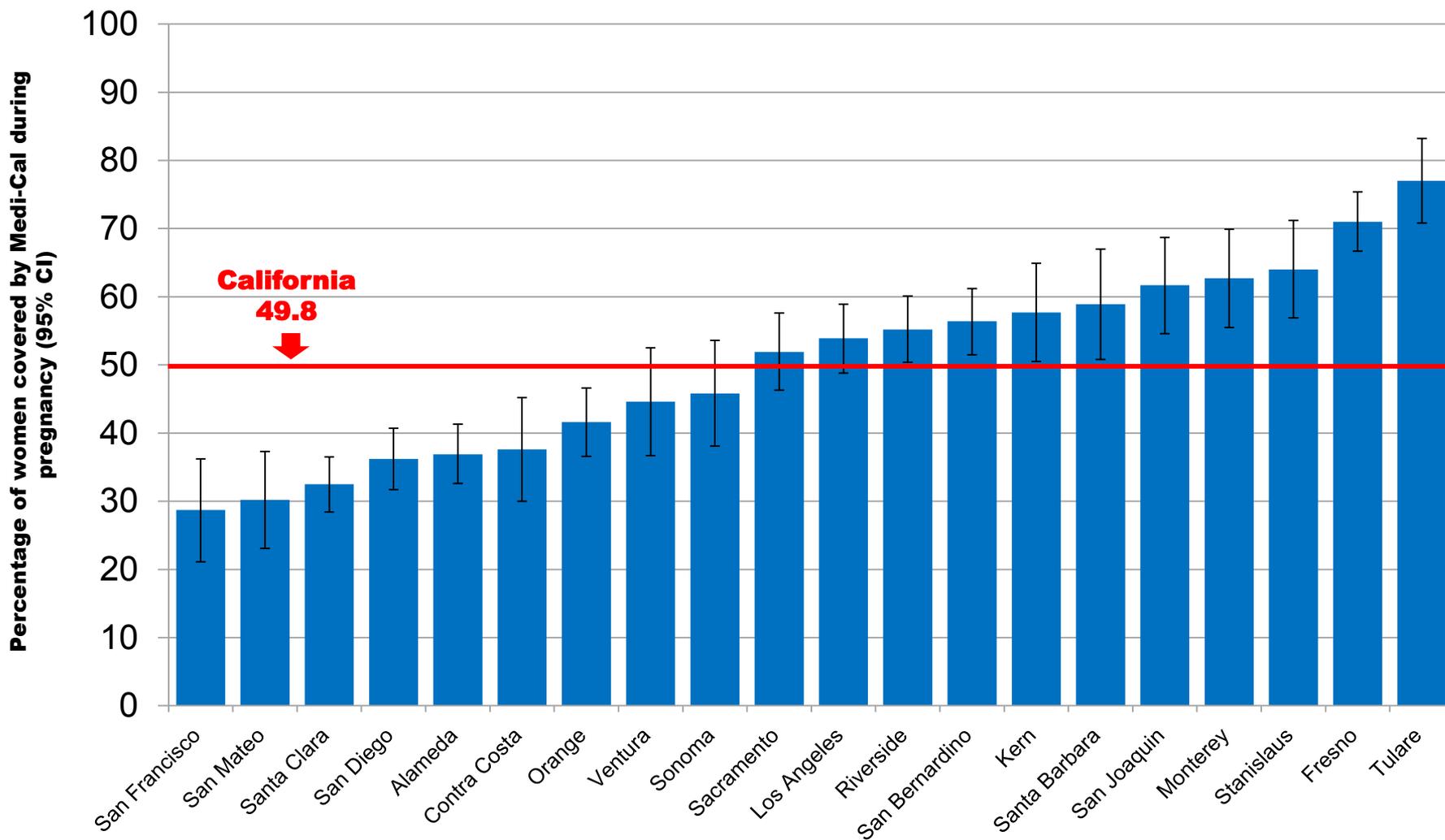


Uninsured before pregnancy, MIHA 2012



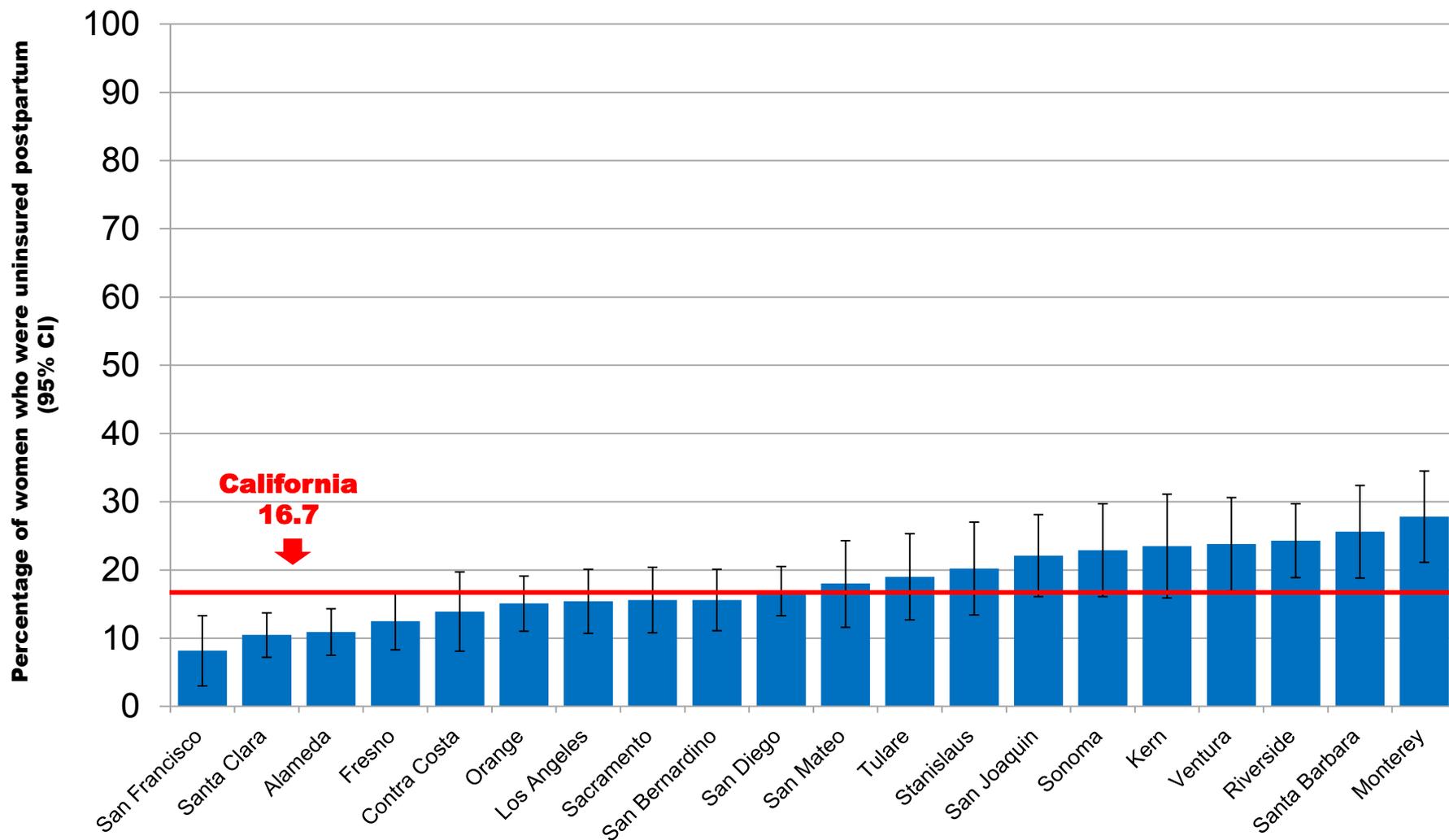
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Covered by Medi-Cal during pregnancy, MIHA 2012



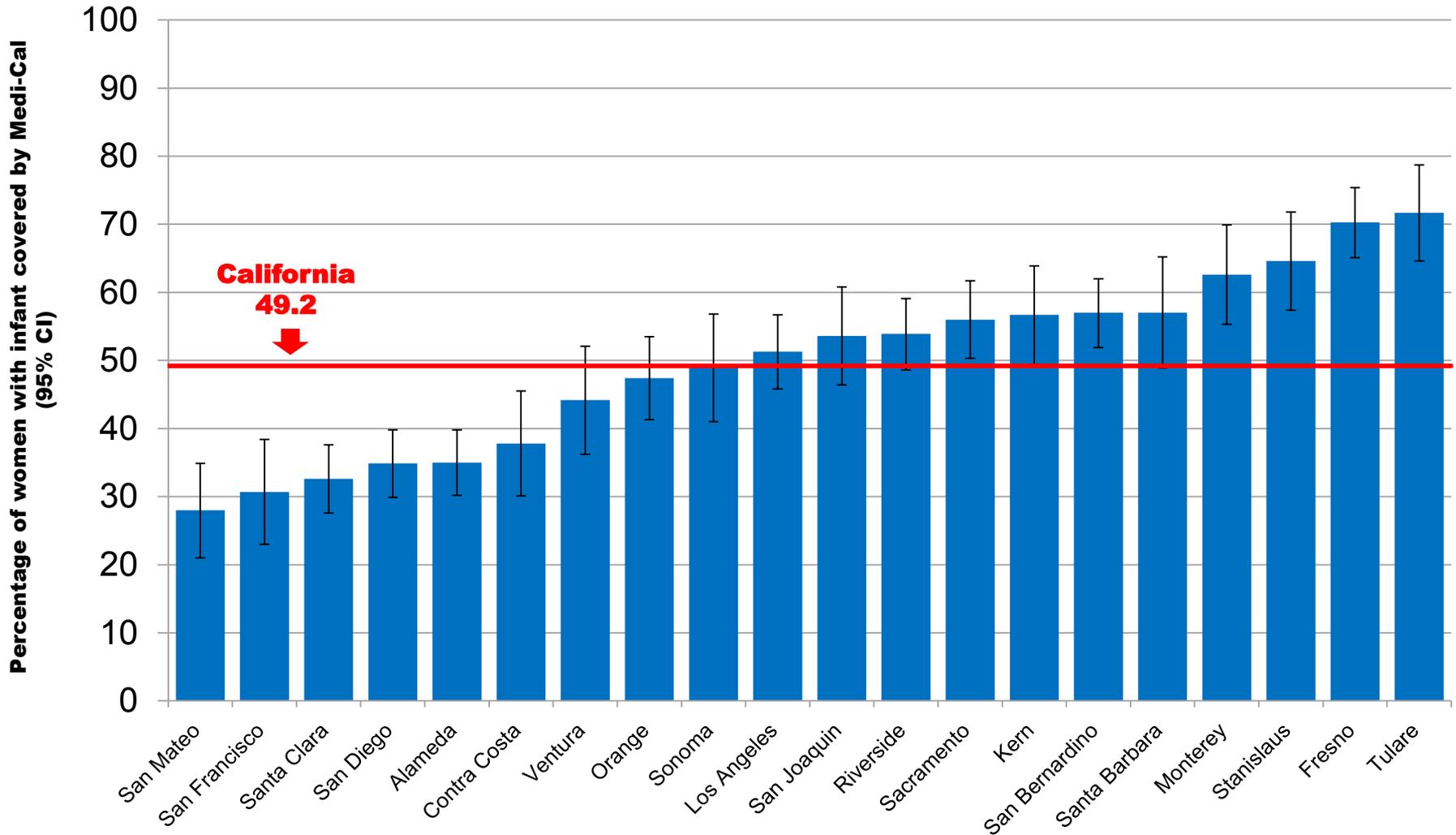


Uninsured postpartum, MIHA 2012



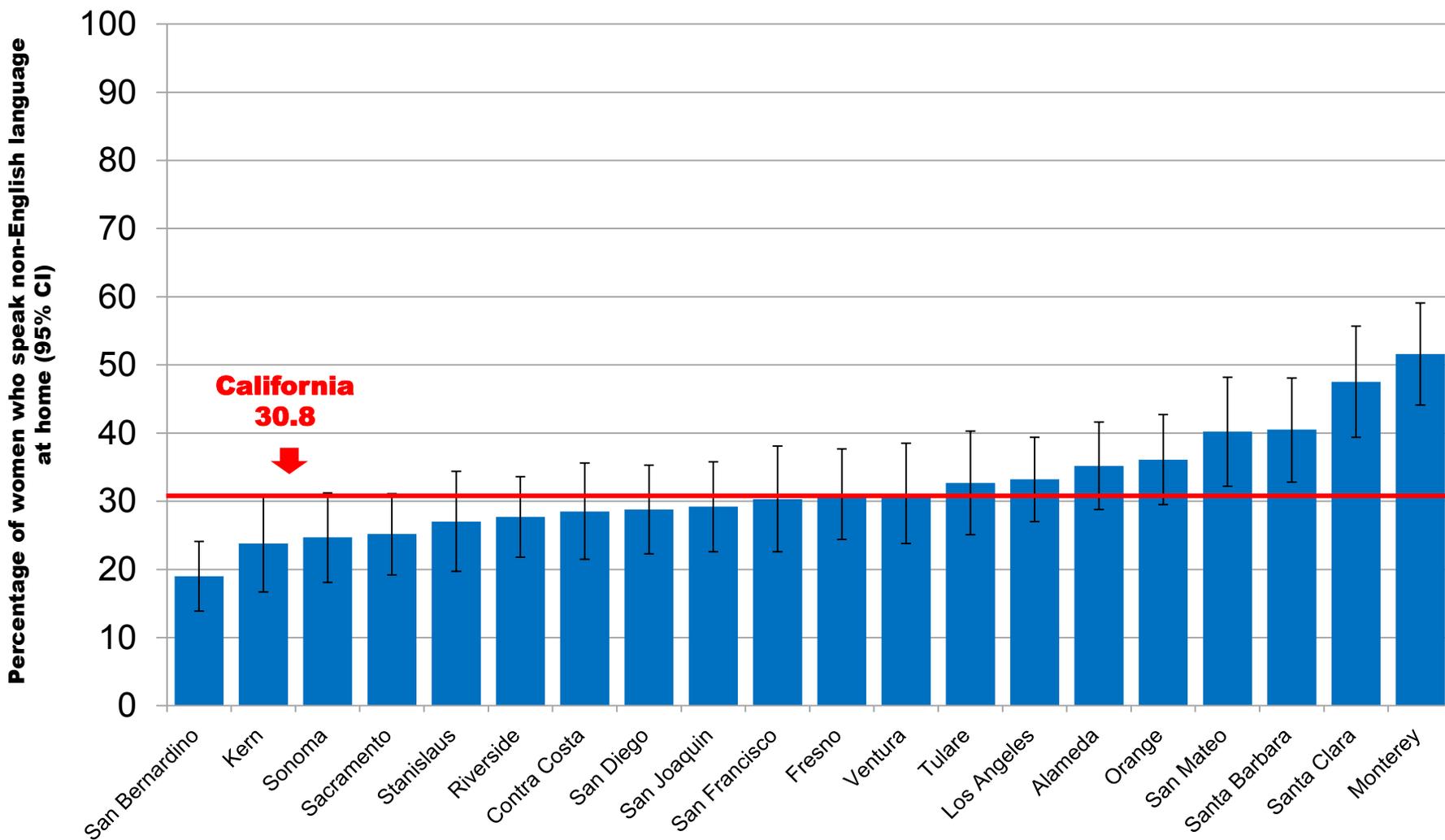
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Infant covered by Medi-Cal, MIHA 2012





Speaks non-English language at home, MIHA 2012

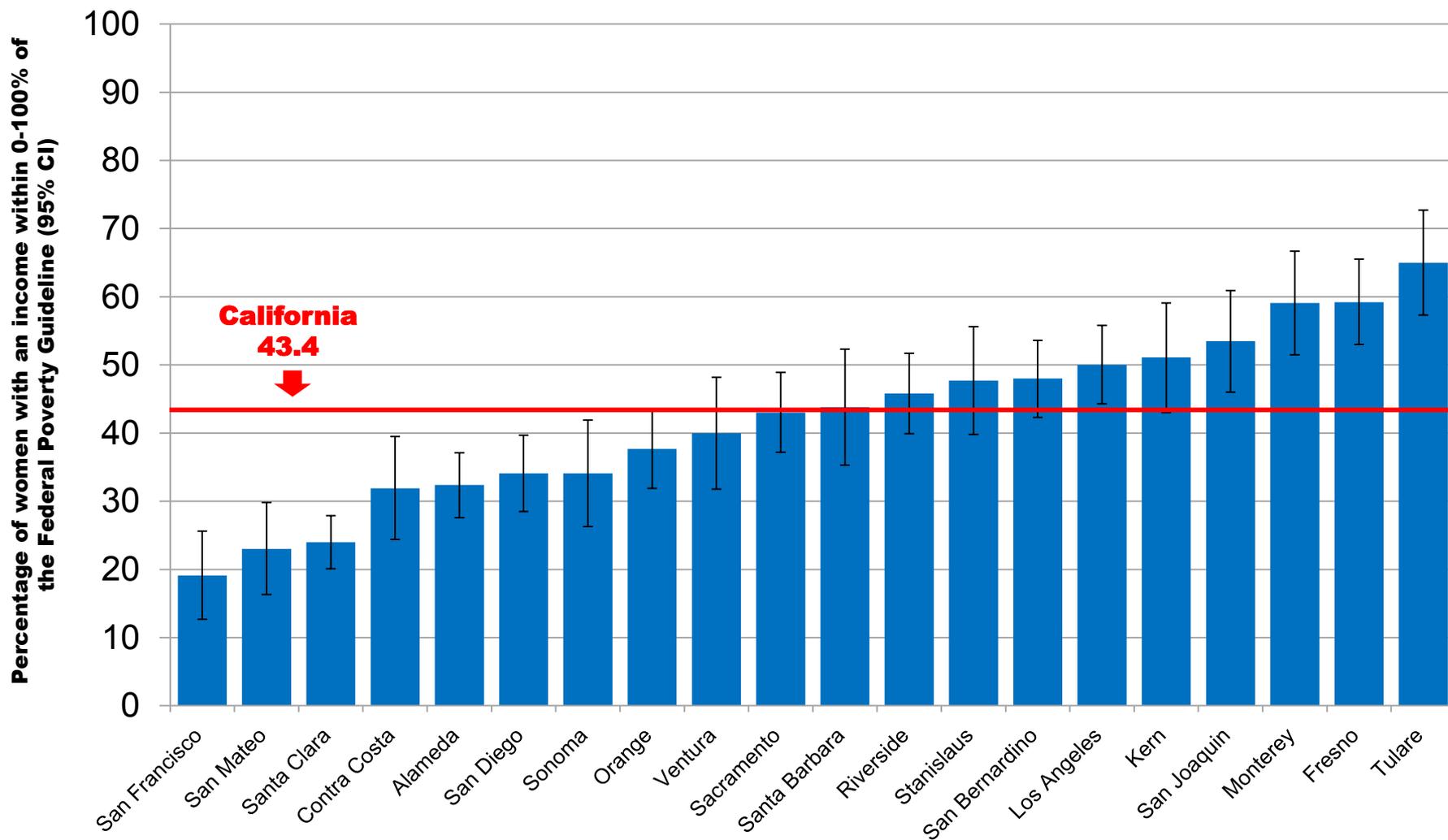


California
30.8

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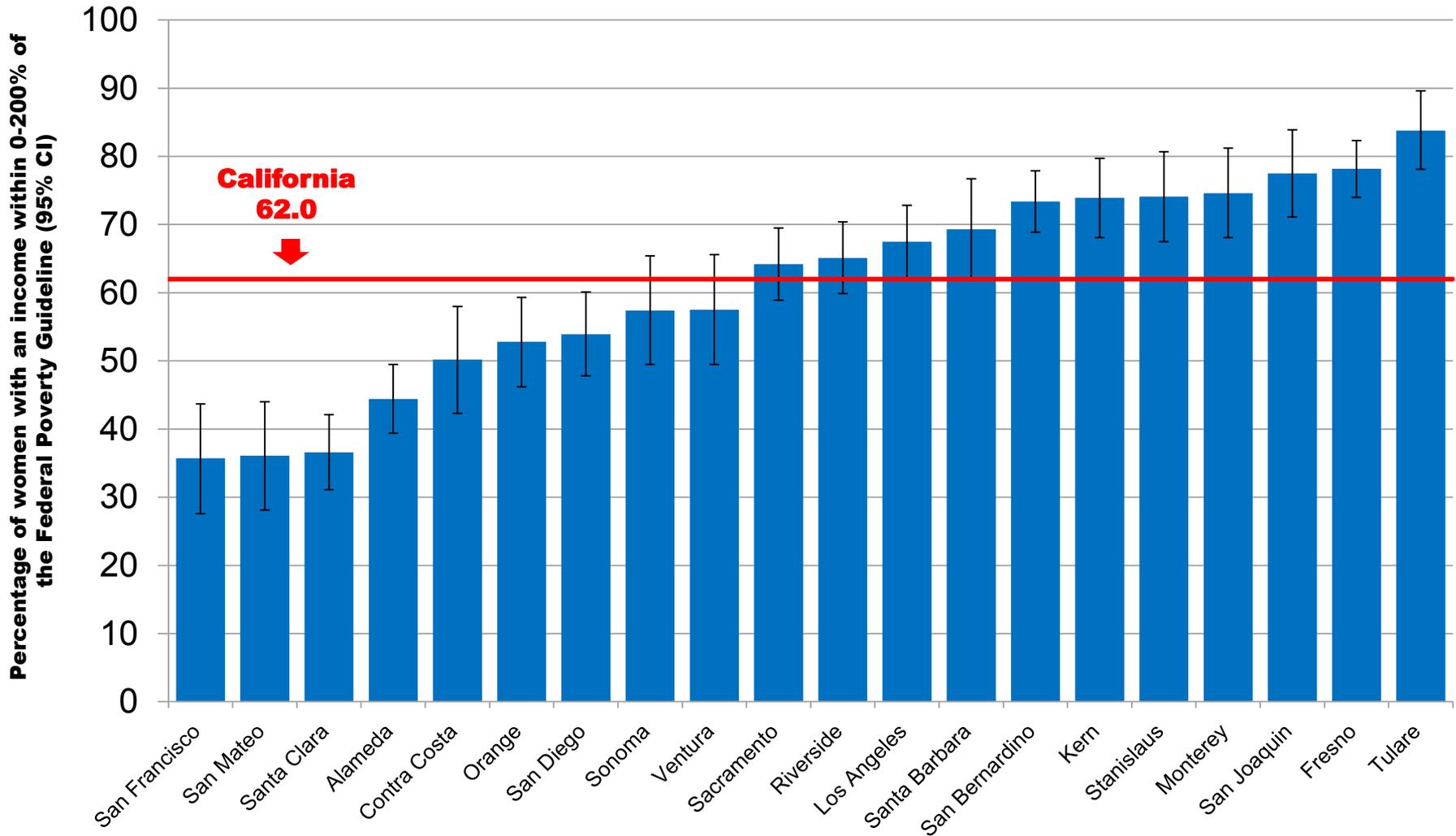
Income within 0-100% of the Federal Poverty Guideline, MIHA 2012



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Income within 0-200% of the Federal Poverty Guideline, MIHA 2012



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